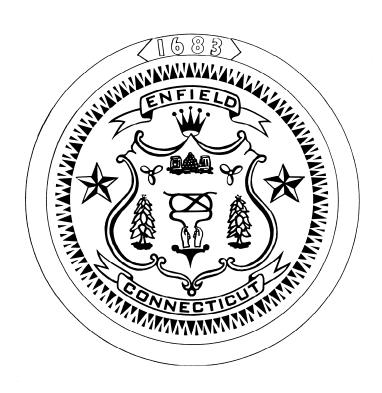
Town of Enfield Connecticut



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

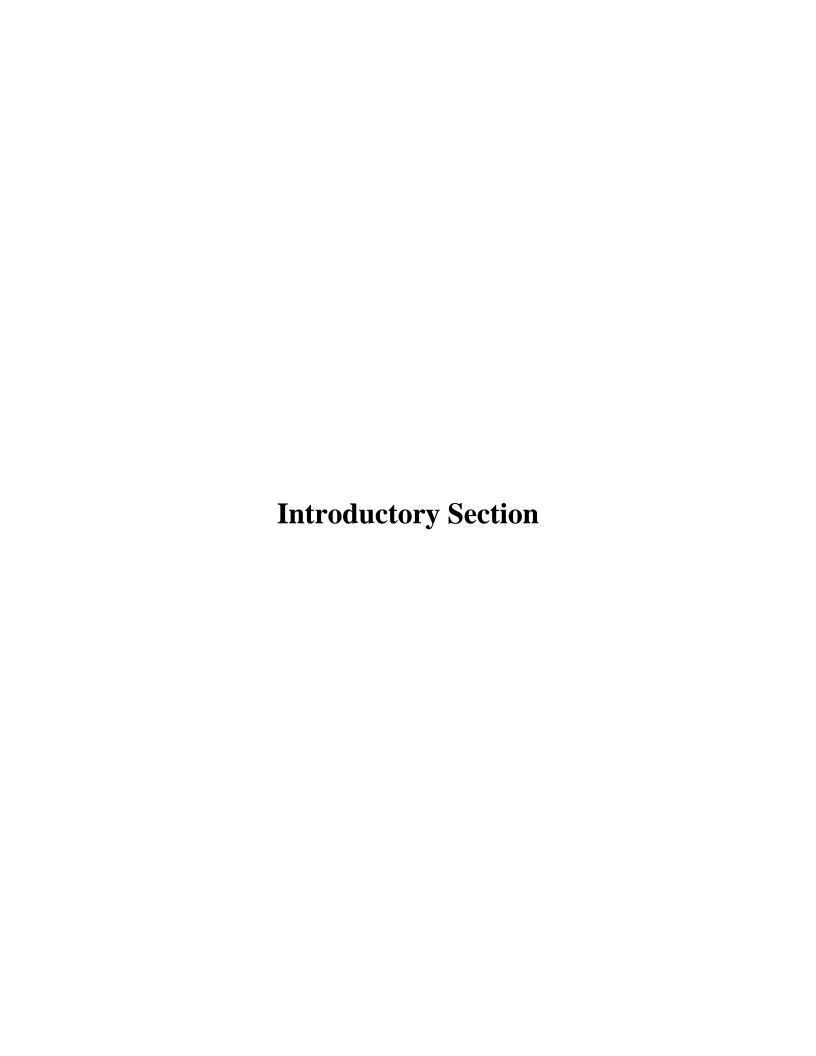
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Department of Finance

Lynn Nenni Director of Finance



TOWN OF ENFIELD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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TOWN OF ENFIELD

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

December 10, 2014

Mr. Matthew Coppler Town Manager Town of Enfield Enfield, Connecticut 06082

Dear Mr. Coppler:

In accordance with Chapter V, Section 8 of the adopted charter for the Town of Enfield, I am submitting herewith the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Enfield. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Enfield has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Enfield's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Enfield's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Enfield's financial statements have been audited by Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Enfield's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Enfield was part of a broader, federally mandated "single audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited Town's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Town of Enfield's separately issued Single Audit Reports.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Enfield's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Town of Enfield

The Town of Enfield is a suburb consisting of 33.8 square miles and located east of the Connecticut River along the Interstate 91 corridor, 18 miles north of Hartford, Connecticut, and 9 miles south of Springfield, Massachusetts, with a July 1, 2014 population of 44,654. Centrally located between Boston and New York City, and just a 15-minute drive from Bradley International Airport, Enfield is a short commute between major northeast economic markets.

The Town of Enfield operates under a council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority rest with a Town Council consisting of the mayor and ten other members. The Town Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the Town Manager and Town attorney. The Town Manager, among other things, is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the town and appointing the various department heads.

The Town of Enfield provides a full range of services, including police protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, sanitation and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Enfield's financial planning and control. All agencies of the Town of Enfield are required to submit requests for appropriations to the Town Manager. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget for presentation to the Town Council. The proposed budget is due to the Town Council no later than 75 days prior to the end of the fiscal year. The Town Council holds one or more public hearings on the budget not later than 60 days before the end of the fiscal year. Within 20 days of the final hearing, the Town Council adopts the budget by resolution.

Local Economy

Enfield's location, transportation access, quality work force, land and business services have attracted many first-rate corporate citizens both large and small. The Town has a diversified commercial/industrial base of numerous manufacturing, research, engineering, distribution, service and retail facilities. A total of 1,600 businesses are located in Enfield, including the corporate headquarters for Massachusetts Mutual, and Retail Brand Alliance, Inc. Other major employers include Mass Mutual, LEGO Inc., Hallmark Cards and Eppendorf.

The 2012 Grand List, upon which the 2013-2014 budget was prepared, was relatively unchanged from the prior year. Currently, there are no major projects on the horizon that would significantly impact, either positively or negatively, the value of the Grand List.

Long Range Planning

The Town updates its five year capital plan every year, as part of the annual budget process. Town staff evaluate the condition of the town's buildings and infrastructure in order to identify and prioritize projects that will require funding outside of the regular operating budget. The updated capital plan is included in the Annual Operating and Capital Budget. In fiscal year 2014 and 2015 the Town Officials budgeted \$3.092 million and \$2.115 million respectively for capital projects. In November 2014 voters approved spending an additional \$60 million on road reconstruction projects. For the last 14 years road reconstruction and maintenance has been and continues to be a top priority with Town Officials and the general public. Since fiscal year 2000 and most recently in November of 2014, voters have four times approved by referendum, borrowing for road reconstruction for a total of \$114 million. In the last ten years the town has borrowed to maintain school buildings and built a Senior Center in addition to the road reconstruction projects.

The Town also received referendum approval in November 2012 for borrowing to merge the two existing high schools to one location. The state has approved the school building project and will cover 72.14% of allowable costs. The Town share of the project is approximately \$35 million.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the twenty-first consecutive year the Town has received this prestigious award, which is valid for a one-year period. In order to be awarded a certificate of achievement, the Town published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Town believes its current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the program requirements, and will be submitting it to the GFOA to be considered for another certificate of achievement.

The preparation of this annual financial report could not have been accomplished without a major effort and commitment from all members of the finance department. I would also like to thank you and members of the Town Council for the continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the Town of Enfield in a responsible and progressive manner.

The Finance Department will continue pursuit of its goals: to promote the highest degree of public credibility and confidence in its operations; working to foster and maintain a local government environment which demonstrates fiscal accountability, efficiency, integrity, stability and relevant equity; and of course, the overall strive towards excellence.

Respectfully Submitted,

Lyn nemi

A. Lynn Nenni

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

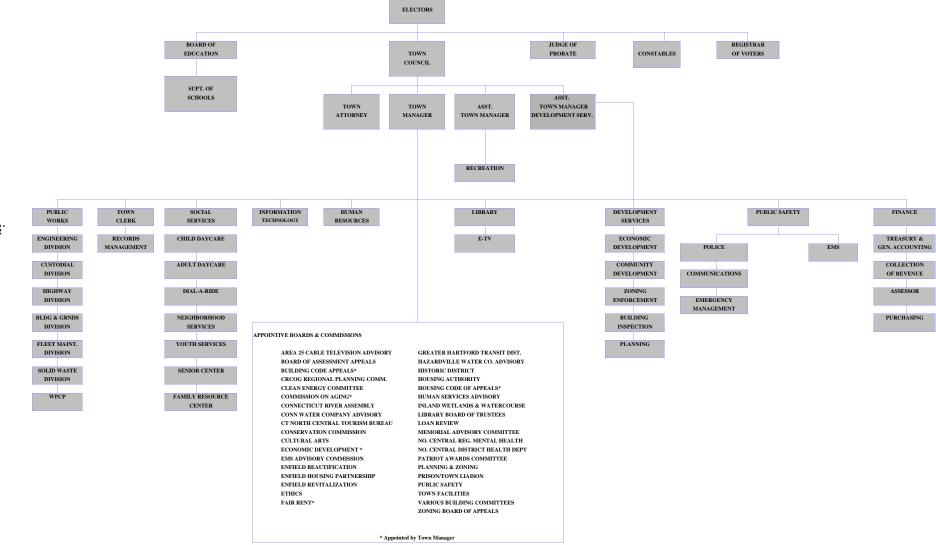
Town of Enfield Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART JUNE 30, 2014



TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

TOWN COUNCIL

Scott R. Kaupin, Mayor
William Lee, Deputy Mayor
Joseph C. Bosco
William J. Edgar, Jr.
Edward N. Deni
Thomas Arnone
Gina L. Cekala
Carol A. Hall
Cynthia Mangini
Gregory T. Stokes, Sr.
Donna H. Szewczak

Town Manager
Assistant Town Manager
Director of Economic Development/Community Development
Director of Emergency Medical Services
Director of Finance
Director of Human Resources
Director of Information Systems
Directory of Library
Director of Public Safety
Director of Public Works
Director of Social Services

Chief of Police

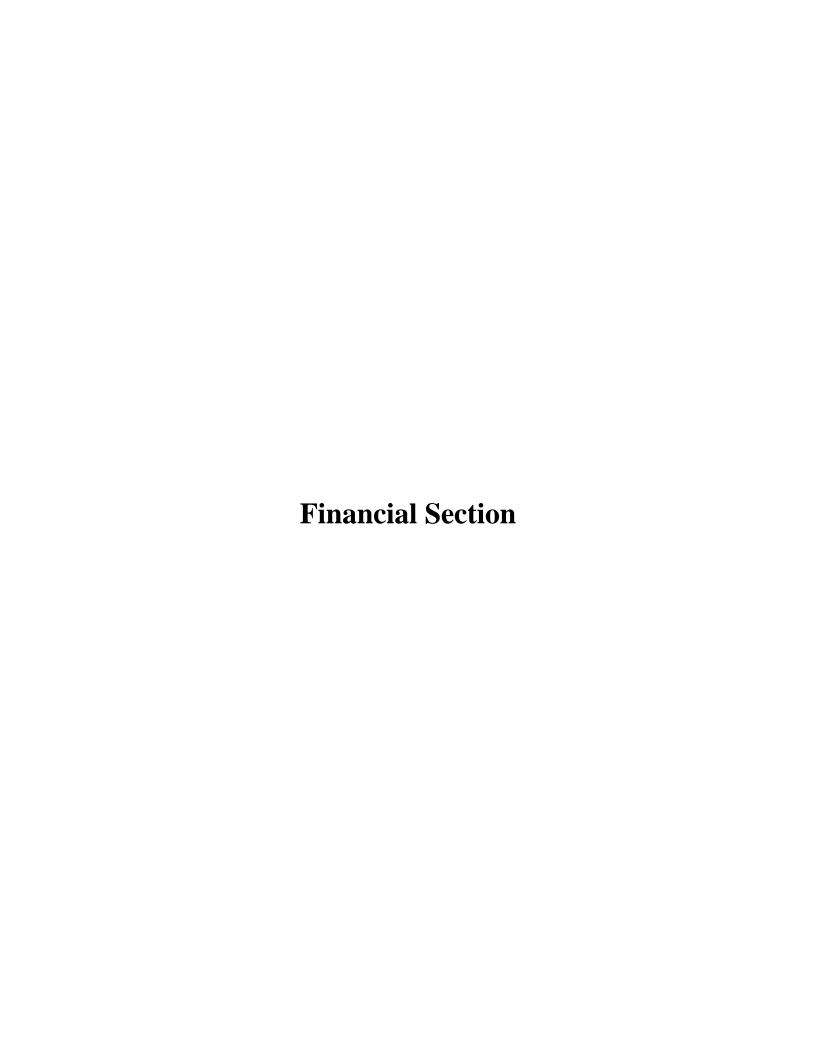
Town Attorney

Matthew Coppler
Derrik Kennedy
Courtney Hendricson
Gary Wiemokly
Lynn Nenni
Steven Bielenda
Paul Russell
Henry Dutcher
Christopher W. Bromson
Jonathan Bilmes
Pam Brown
Carl Sferrazza
Kevin M. Deneen

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Thomas J. Sirard, Chairman
David Wawer, Vice Chairman
Vincent M. Grady, Secretary
Stacy Thurston
Peter Jonaitis
Tina LeBlanc
Lori Unghire
Robert Peabody
Timothy Neville

Dr. Jeffrey A. Schumann, Superintendent of Schools



BlumShapıro

Accounting Tax Business Consulting

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Town Council Town of Enfield, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13, the budgetary comparison information on pages 54 through 59, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios (Employee's Pension Plan and Police Pension Plan) on pages 60 and 61, the schedule of employer contributions (Employee's Pension Plan and Police Pension Plan) on pages 62 and 63 and the schedule of investment returns on page 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2014 on our consideration of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 10, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2014

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements. All amounts in this section are reported in thousands unless otherwise noted.

Financial Highlights

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by \$2,284 or 1.03%.
- During the year, the Town had expenses and transfers that were \$2,284 less than the \$153,251 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$150,967
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$23,465, an increase of \$4,038 or 21% over the prior year.
- General fund revenues exceed budgetary estimates by \$1,049. Expenditures were kept within spending limits, with a positive variance of \$1,666.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities on pages 14 and 15 provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a long-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented on pages 16 and 18. For governmental activities, the statements show how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on pages 14 and 15. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall financial health of the Town.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health and social services, library, planning and development and education. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town administration establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes like the Capital Nonrecurring fund and Community Development fund. The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (pages 16 and 18) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The differences between governmental activities reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation between fund balances all governmental funds and net position of governmental activities on pages 17 and 19.
- **Proprietary Funds** (pages 20, 21 and 22) When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Information Technology Fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** (pages 23 and 24) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town's combined total net position increase by \$2,284 from a year ago, changing from \$220,780 to \$223,064. The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities						
	_	2014		2013				
Current and other assets	\$	56,267	\$	53,233				
Capital assets	_	225,261		222,143				
Total assets	_	281,528	_	275,376				
Current liabilities		24,333		18,025				
Noncurrent liabilities		33,328		35,969				
Total liabilities		57,661		53,994				
	<u> </u>							
Deferred inflows of resources		803		602				
Net investment in capital assets		192,678		189,574				
Restricted		1,782		1,852				
Unrestricted		28,604		29,354				
Total Net Position	\$_	223,064	\$_	220,780				

The largest component of the net position is the investment in capital assets (buildings, infrastructure and equipment), which is presented less outstanding debt related to acquiring the assets. This portion of the net position is not available for spending. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, decreased \$750 from the prior fiscal year.

The change in net position can also be analyzed by looking at the difference between revenues and program expenses. The Town's total revenues were \$153,251, an increase of \$9,827 over the prior year. The total cost of all programs and services was \$150,967, an increase of \$8,125 over the prior year. A more detailed discussion of fiscal year 2014 activity follows in the next sections.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

		Governmental						
		Activities						
		2014		2013				
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	14,640	\$	10,310				
Operating grants and contributions		48,368		45,565				
Capital grants and contributions		3,986		4,622				
General revenues:								
Property taxes		84,360		79,475				
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific programs		1,708		3,333				
Investment income	_	189		119				
Total revenues	_	153,251		143,424				
Expenses:								
General government		9,552		7,333				
Public safety		16,121		13,134				
Public works		25,829		25,388				
Health and social services		9,157		8,837				
Library		1,809		1,789				
Planning and development		1,234		1,326				
Education		86,343		84,160				
Interest on long-term debt		922		875				
Total expenses		150,967		142,842				
Change in Na Parities	Φ	2.204	Φ	£00				
Change in Net Position	\$_	2,284	\$	582				

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - public safety, public works, education, and health and social services - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	Total Cost of	Services	Net Cost of S	Services
	2014	2013	2014	2013
General	\$ 9,552 \$	7,304	\$ 3,077 \$	5,503
Public safety	16,121	13,134	15,401	12,543
Public works	25,829	25,388	23,384	18,511
Education	86,343	84,160	35,421	38,753
Health and social services	9,157	8,837	2,759	3,288
All others	3,965	4,019	3,931	3,747
Total	\$ 150,967 \$	142,842	\$ 83,973 \$	82,345

The net cost of services increased \$1,628 or 2% from 2013 to 2014. There was no change in services provided by the Town. The primary cost drivers for the fiscal year were due to increases in General Government, Public Safety and Board of Education spending.

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet – page 16) reported a combined total fund balance of \$15,833 which is a 9% decrease from last year's total of \$17,484. The fund balance in the general fund increased \$4,038 from the prior year. Page 41 shows the details of the governmental fund balances. More detail with respect to activity in the General Fund is presented in the General Fund Budgetary Highlights section.

There continues to be a deficit in the Water Pollution Control Fund, which decreased by \$17 during the year. \$2,492 is reserved in the General Fund nonspendable fund balance to cover part of the deficit. In fiscal year 2013-2014 the Council voted to convert the funding basis for the WPCA from ad valorem to user fee, in order to raise revenue to foot the cost of approximately \$35 million in upgrades to the plant. The change to user fee went into effect January 1, 2014. The rates were structured to provide enough revenue to pay back the general fund \$300 a year over a ten year period, and to support anticipated debt repayment of approximately \$31 million for plant upgrades and repairs.

The fund balance in the Bonded Projects Fund has a deficit of \$10,854, an increase of \$4,686 over the prior year. The deficit is a result of spending associated with the "Roads 2010" paving program and the High School Consolidation project. Bond anticipation notes were issued during the year in the amount of \$16,500 to cover deficits in cash flows. The deficit will be covered in fiscal year 2014-2015 with the issuance of a bond for \$25 million.

The fund balance in the Capital Nonrecurring Fund decreased \$1,002, to \$3,846. Spending in the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund in fiscal year 2014 was \$6,101 compared to \$5,639 in fiscal year 2013. The Town records purchase of equipment, capital grants and major maintenance projects in this fund. Spending has decreased from prior years as one time grants are completed.

The fund balances in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds is \$2,937, a decrease of \$18 over the prior year. Pages 72-73 show the activity details for Nonmajor governmental funds. Spending activity is primarily education related and pertains to grants, student activity and cafeteria expenditures and revenues.

Fund balance in the governmental funds is classified according to the strength of the spending constraints for which it can be used, and are listed on the balance sheet according to the strength of the restriction, from most to least restrictive. Nonspendable fund balance represents 30% of the total fund balance. Amounts classified in this category include inventory and the corpus of endowment funds, prepaid interest and \$2,492 that has been advanced to the Water Pollution Control Fund. Restricted fund balance is 5% of the total fund balance and represents donations and grants whose spending is restricted to a particular purpose by the donor or granting authority. Committed fund balance is 50% of the total fund balance and represents amounts committed by the Town Council for a particular purpose. The amounts in this category are committed primarily through the budget making process or by resolution. Assigned fund balance represents encumbrances outstanding at year end, the remaining Board of Education budget that will be appropriated in fiscal year 2015 and the amount used to balance the fiscal year 2015 budget. Assigned fund balance represents 4% of the total fund balance. The unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending, is 10%. As mentioned earlier in this discussion, the WPCA fund and Bonded Projects fund are currently running deficits thereby reducing the unassigned fund balance to \$1,626. The deficit in the Bonded Projects Fund will be eliminated with future bonding and the deficit in the Water Pollution Control Fund will be eliminated over the next ten years through revenue raised by user fees.

Proprietary Funds

The Town of Enfield utilizes internal service funds to report the costs associated with liability insurance, health insurance and information technology for the Board of Education and the Town. Details of the activities in these funds are shown on pages 75-77. The net position of these funds decreased \$1,638 or 20%, to \$6,646. The decrease was primarily due to higher than estimated health insurance claims.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General fund revenues and expenditures are presented on a budgetary basis on pages 54-59. Note that for budgetary purposes, the general fund excludes the funds that were previously classified as special revenue, prior to the implementation of GASB 54.

Revenue Variances

Better than expected collections resulted in a positive variance of \$910 for all tax collections. Tax collections are currently budgeted on a cash basis and included \$300 for prior year collections. During the year the tax office conducted a "Tax Collector" sale. The proceeds of the sale contributed an additional \$1,152 to delinquent taxes and interest collected. Real estate collections were budgeted at 98.5%, motor vehicle at 94% and personal property at 97%. The blended tax collection rate for current year taxes was 97.95%, which represents a slight increase from the prior year collection rate of 97.75%. The line item called "new revenue sources" was budgeted in anticipation of the state levying new taxes on area businesses that did not make it through the state legislature.

Variances in intergovernmental revenue were caused by changes made by the state during the year to individual grant line items. In addition, the Town adopts their budget prior to the States adoption of their budget. Therefore, changes made by the State to grant allocations after the Town adopts its budget can result in variances. Intergovernmental revenue had a net positive variance of \$1.073.

Charges for services had a total positive variance of \$878. Budgets in this category are estimated based on historical averages and normally vary from year to year. The largest variance occurred in the building and mechanical permit budget. Expansions by Mass Mutual and Advanced Auto Parts fueled a positive variance of \$878 from the original budget.

Interest on investments had a negative variance of \$75. General fund investments are limited by state statute to risk free instruments as specified in Note 3. Unfavorable economic conditions have kept investment interest rates low.

The negative variance of \$159 in transfers in was the result of an overestimate in the amount allocated from the WPC fund for in kind services contributed by general fund departments.

The general fund had a total positive revenue variance of \$1,049.

Expenditure Variances

Budgetary expenditures had a total positive variance of \$1,666. The largest variances occurred in the departments that have the largest budgets, which are the Public Safety, Public Works, and the Board of Education. Variances also occurred in smaller budgets; the Personnel Office had a variance of \$107 due to less than expected unemployment costs and the Planning and Development department had a variance of \$140 due to several vacancies that were not filled during the year.

Nondepartmental charges had a total positive variance of \$384 primarily the result of contingency accounts that were unspent.

Additional appropriations from fund balance in the amount of \$848 were made as follows:

During 2013-2014 council deliberations the Town Council agreed they would allow the Board of Education to roll forward the remaining balance of their 2013 budget to 2014, resulting in an additional appropriation of \$218. Additional appropriations were also made for radio tower improvements (\$325), road salt (\$55), tipper barrels (\$21.5), school security officers (\$132), busing for the child day care center (\$30) and demolition of a house to make way for a parking lot (\$65).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2014, the Town had \$225,261 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure (roads, sewer lines, sidewalks) - Note 3(C). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$3,118 over the prior year.

TABLE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities						
	_	2014	2013					
Land	\$	12,255 \$	12,255					
Construction in progress		7,732	4,330					
Buildings		16,150	16,711					
Building improvements		48,847	50,205					
Machinery and equipment		8,821	9,731					
Vehicles		7,677	6,691					
Infrastructure	_	123,779	122,220					
Total	\$	225,261 \$	222,143					

This year's major additions included:

- The continuation of a variety of road rehabilitation projects "Roads 2010" in the amount of \$4,000.
- Purchase of nine police vehicles in the amount of \$254.
- Purchase of two buses for the fixed bus route (grant funded) for \$140.
- Purchase of six refuse collection and dump trucks for \$1,298.
- Purchase of four lawn mowers for the buildings and grounds department for \$53.
- Upgrade of the town wide wireless communications in the amount of \$586.

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 3(C) in the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2014, the Town had \$19,450 in bonds outstanding compared to 21,975 last year - a decrease of 11% as shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5 OUTSTANDING DEBT

		Governm Activit	
	_	2014	2013
General obligation bonds - Town	\$	15,168 \$	16,756
General obligation bonds - School improvements	_	4,282	5,219
Total	\$	19,450 \$	21,975

The Town maintains an "AA/Stable" rating from Standard Poor's and an "Aa2" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to seven times total tax collections including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for elderly freeze grant. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$663,733 which significantly exceeds the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

At the end of fiscal 2014 the Town was authorized to bond an additional \$60 million for the Roads 2010 road reconstruction program and High School Consolidation projects, both of which are currently underway.

In November 2014, voters approved borrowing an additional \$60 million for the Roads 2015 road reconstruction program.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long term liabilities is presented in Note 3(E) of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2014-2015 budget. Overall economic conditions as well as citizens' ability to sustain an increase in taxes continue to be primary concerns of town officials. The mill rate for the Town was unchanged at 23.88 for fiscal years 2008-2012. The mill rate for the 2012-2013 budget increased to 27.84. The increase in the mill rate was the result of a town wide revaluation in which property values dropped an average of 13%. Property values for residential property dropped an average of 15% and commercial property values dropped an average of 10%. After factoring in the change in the grand list, the increase in the mill rate was .90 mills.

Council set the mill rate for the 2013-2014 budget at 29.26, an increase of \$1.42 mills over the prior year. In addition the Town transitioned from funding the WPC on an ad valorem to user fee basis. Town staff estimate the average home will pay approximately \$216 in sewer use fees.

The mill rate for fiscal year 2014-2015 is set at 29.13, a slight decrease from the prior year. General fund spending increased to \$119,979, an increase of 1.29% over the fiscal year 2014 budget. The slight increase in spending was necessary to maintain current services; departmental spending is consistent with 2014. Debt service payments increased \$1.3 million, and account for most of the spending increase.

The grand list has remained stable, with no meaningful growth or property transfers.

Unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) in the Town as of October 2014 was 5.8% versus 6.8% a year ago. The State's unemployment rate is 6.3% and the national rate is 5.5% for the same time period.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, Lynn Nenni, Town of Enfield, 820 Enfield Street, Enfield, Connecticut, 06082.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities
Assets:		_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,450
Investments		5,037
Receivables, net		12,520
Prepaid items		2,134
Inventories		112
Net pension asset		14
Capital assets, nondepreciable		19,987
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		205,274
Total assets	_	281,528
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		7,539
Unearned revenue		294
Bond anticipation notes payable		16,500
Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year		5,995
Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year		27,333
Total liabilities	_	57,661
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred charge on refunding		330
Advance property tax collections		473
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	803
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		192,678
Restricted for:		
Trust purposes:		
Expendable		26
Non-expendable		37
Loans		1,719
Unrestricted	_	28,604
Total Net Position	\$_	223,064

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position

					P	Program Revenues	S			Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses			<u> </u>	Operating Capital Grants and Grants and Contributions Contributions		 	Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	9,552	\$	4,035	\$	2,440	\$		\$	(3,077)
Public safety		16,121		451		247		22		(15,401)
Public works		25,829		2,268		171		6		(23,384)
Health and social services		9,157		4,070		182		2,146		(2,759)
Library		1,809		18		16				(1,775)
Planning and development		1,234								(1,234)
Education		86,343		3,798		45,312		1,812		(35,421)
Interest expense		922								(922)
Total governmental activities	<u> </u>	150,967	_	14,640	-	48,368		3,986	_	(83,973)
Total	\$	150,967	\$	14,640	\$	48,368	\$	3,986	-	(83,973)
	General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Investment income Total general revenues							84,360 1,708 189 86,257		
			2,284							
	Net	Position at Be	eginn	ing of Year					_	220,780
	Net	Position at En	nd of	Year					\$_	223,064

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		General		Water Pollution Control	_	Bonded Projects		Capital Nonrecurring		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Advances to other funds Prepaid items Inventory	\$	16,257 1,412 7,676 4,894 2,492 2,132	\$	361 1,139	\$	8,470 1,211	\$	2,073 2,437 396 285	\$	3,304 59 2,060	\$ 30,465 3,908 12,482 5,179 2,492 2,132 112
Total Assets	\$_	34,863	\$_	1,500	\$_	9,681	\$	5,191	\$	5,535	\$ 56,770
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS O	F RI	ESOURCES A	AND	FUND BALA	NO	CES	-				
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Advances from other funds Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	3,021 1,252	\$	294 2,013 2,492	\$	1,669 2,051 16,500	\$	804 145	\$	88 685	\$ 5,876 6,146 2,492 16,500
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	_	77 4,350	-	4,799	-	131 20,351		949		86 859	 294 31,308
	_	1,550	-	.,,,,,	-	20,001	-	7.7	•	007	51,500
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - sewer user fees Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable		5,603 721		262							5,603 262 721
Unavailable revenue - grants receivables Unavailable revenue - loans receivables		251 473				184		396		20 1,719	851 1,719 473
Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	_	7,048	-	262	-	184	-	396		1,739	9,629
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable Restricted		4,624								149 732	4,773 732
Committed Assigned		1,968 832				440.07.0		3,846		2,056	7,870 832
Unassigned Total fund balances	=	16,041 23,465	· -	(3,561)	-	(10,854) (10,854)	. <u>-</u>	3,846		2,937	 1,626 15,833
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	34,863	\$	1,500	\$_	9,681	\$	5,191	\$	5,535	\$ 56,770

223,064

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet. The details of this difference are as follows:

Total fund balances (Exhibit III) \$ 15.833 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Governmental capital assets 338,422 Less accumulated depreciation (113,161)225,261 Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. 6,646 Other long-term assets and deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds: 3,738 Property tax receivables Interest on property taxes 1.865 Sewer use receivable 262 EMS receivable 721 Grants receivable 851 Housing loans 1.719 Net pension asset 14 Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Bonds and sewer notes payable (19,450)Deferred charge on refunding (330)Compensated absences (6,984)Accrued interest payable (188)Capital lease (4,633)Landfill closure (210)Claims payable (707)Net OPEB obligation (1,344)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General		Water Pollution Control		Bonded Projects	Capital Nonrecurring	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		-						
Property taxes \$	83,092	\$	1,346	\$		\$ S	\$	\$ 84,438
Intergovernmental	46,613		241		1,812	989	5,054	54,709
Charges for services	10,940		1,620			105	1,266	13,931
Contributions and donations	181						72	253
Investment income	75				13	92	9	189
Other revenues							10	10
Total revenues	140,901	_	3,207	_	1,825	1,186	6,411	153,530
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	6,279						405	6,684
Public safety	12,815						159	12,974
Public works	16,494		3,111					19,605
Health and social services	8,557							8,557
Library	1,615						15	1,630
Planning and development	1,204							1,204
Intergovernmental and interagency	435							435
Education	77,039						5,863	82,902
Non-departmental	5,453							5,453
Capital outlay	389				7,511	5,101		13,001
Debt service	3,519	_		_				3,519
Total expenditures	133,799	_	3,111	_	7,511	5,101	6,442	155,964
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	7,102	_	96	_	(5,686)	(3,915)	(31)	(2,434)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Capital lease issuance	389					394		783
Transfers in	126				1,000	3,519	60	4,705
Transfers out	(3,579)	_	(79)	_		(1,000)	(47)	(4,705)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(3,064)	_	(79)	_	1,000	2,913	13	783
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,038		17		(4,686)	(1,002)	(18)	(1,651)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	19,427	_	(3,578)	_	(6,168)	4,848	2,955	17,484
Fund Balances at End of Year \$	23,465	\$_	(3,561)	\$_	(10,854)	\$ 3,846	\$ 2,937	\$ 15,833

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different due to:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different due to:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (1,651)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	10,401 (6,984)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	22
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.	(321)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:	` ,
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change Property tax interest revenue - accrual basis change Sewer use receivable - accrual basis change EMS receivable - accrual basis change Grants receivable - accrual basis change Loans receivable - accrual basis change	197 (141) 262 222 (725) (70)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Bond principal payments Capital lease issuance Capital lease payments	2,525 (783) 1,696
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences Change in accrued interest Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Claims payable Landfill closure Net OPEB expense	(378) 18 52 336 15 (771)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	 (1,638)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ 2,284

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities	
		Internal Service Funds	
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,985	
Investments		1,129	
Accounts receivable		38	
Prepaid expenses		2	
Due from other funds	-	1,252	
Total assets	-	8,406	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		179	
Claims payable		1,296	
Due to other funds	-	285	
Total liabilities	-	1,760	
Net Position:			
Unrestricted	\$	6,646	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	
	Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 22,430	
Operating Expenses:		
Health insurance claims	19,136	
Risk management claims	1,116	
Technology services	3,828	
Total operating expenses	24,080	
Operating Loss	(1,650)	
Nonoperating Revenue:		
Investment income	12	
Change in Net Position	(1,638)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	8,284	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 6,646	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from charges for services Payments for claims, premiums and fees Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 23,295 (24,859) (1,564)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchases of investments Investment income Net cash used in investing activities	(33) 12 (21)
Net Decrease in Cash	(1,585)
Cash at Beginning of Year	7,552
Cash at End of Year	\$ 5,967
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ (1,650)
used in operating activities: Increase in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in due from other funds Decrease in accounts payable and other payables Increase in claims payable Decrease in due to other funds	(34) 11 888 (40) 154 (893)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (1,564)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	OPEB Trust Fund	<u>-</u>	Pension Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	185	\$		\$	1,657
Investments:			-	-		
Stocks		2,375				
Municipal bonds		631				
Corporate bonds		268				
Deferred retirement option program				513		
Mutual funds		552				
Guaranteed deposit				27,890		
Insurance company-pooled separate account				76,334		
Real estate funds	_		_	6,394		
Total investments	_	3,826		111,131	-	
Total assets		4,011		111,131		1,657
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	_				_	1,657
Net Position:						
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$_	4,011	\$	111,131	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	OPEB Trust Fund	Pension Trust Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer contributions \$	1,266	\$ 3,617
Employee contributions		1,154
Total contributions	1,266	4,771
Investment earnings:		
Interest and dividends	108	3,072
Net increase in fair value of investments	260	11,850
Total investment earnings	368	14,922
Less investment expenses:		
Investment management fees		379
Net investment earnings	368	14,543
Total additions	1,634	19,314
Deductions:		
Benefits paid	1,116	4,967
Administration expenses	37	155
Total deductions	1,153	5,122
Change in Net Position	481	14,192
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	3,530	96,939
Net Position at End of Year \$	4,011	\$ 111,131

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Enfield, Connecticut (the Town) was settled in 1683. The Town operates under a Council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter (last revised in 1996); public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, social services, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in GASB Codification, Section 2100, have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town's primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, have no measurement focus.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension obligations, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Water Pollution Control Fund* accounts for the collection of user charges in relation to the cost of water pollution control and the financing of sanitary sewer improvements or services deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied.

The *Bonded Projects Fund* accounts for the bonded and financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases.

The Capital Nonrecurring Fund accounts for the accumulation of monies for capital projects.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Health Insurance Fund is used to account for the revenues and related expenditures for the health insurance plan for employees. The Commercial Liability Fund accounts for commercial liability insurance activities of the Town. The Information Technology Fund accounts for the financial operations of the central information systems department.

The *Pension Trust Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Enfield Employees Retirement System.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* is used to account for the retiree health benefits of the single-employer defined benefit plan.

The *Agency Funds* are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation. The Town maintains several agency funds for performance bonds, Asnuntuck College, Cultural Arts Commission and other student activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Restricted Cash

At June 30, 2014, the Town had \$8,330 in restricted cash. This amount is unspent bond anticipation note proceeds.

E. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

F. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade, property tax, sewer use, sewer assessment and loan receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon collection history and analysis of creditor's ability to pay.

Loan receivables consist of Community Development Block Grant loans. The Town provides low-interest loans for residential rehabilitation as well as loans to local businesses for facility improvements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for vehicles and equipment, \$20,000 for buildings and improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure (amounts not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50-75
Buildings and improvements	20-75
Machinery and equipment	10-30
Vehicles	10-30
Infrastructure:	
Roads	40
Sidewalks	40
Bridges	70-80
Sewer Lines	100

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently does not report any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The Town also reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position. The advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, sewer user fees, EMS, grants, and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

J. Compensated Absences

Town employees are granted vacation leave based upon length of employment. In the event of termination, employees are compensated for accumulated vacation time. The Board of Education has employment contracts, which provide for the accrual of sick pay based on length of service. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid in the future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide statement. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for amounts expected to be paid (matured), for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

K. Net Pension Asset and OPEB Obligations

Governmental Funds:

The net pension asset and OPEB obligations represents the cumulative difference between the annual pension/OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plans. These amounts are calculated on an actuarial basis and are recorded as noncurrent assets and/or noncurrent liabilities, accordingly, in the government-wide financial statements.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component of net position consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of Enfield Town Council). The Town Council can commit fund balance through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Director of Finance who has been delegated authority to assign amounts through approval of purchase orders by the Town Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due and payable in two installments on July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due and payable July 1, and motor vehicle supplemental taxes are due and payable on January 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the fiscal year following the due date.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund and Water Pollution Control Plant Fund financial statements.

By Charter, the Town Manager submits proposed budgets for the General Fund and Water Pollution Control Plan Fund to the Town Council 75 days prior to fiscal year end. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- Management is authorized to transfer amounts without approval of the Town Council within departments. Transfers between departments (within functions) can only be made by the Town Council and only within the last three months of the fiscal year.
- The Department of Education is not a separate legal entity, but a separate function of the Town. Its Board is authorized under State law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Town Council approval and, if necessary, approval at a public hearing or referendum.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The budget is generally prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for the Water Pollution Control Plant Fund.
- Budgeted amounts shown are as amended by the Town Council during the course of the year. There were additional appropriations totaling \$871 million during the year.
- Generally, all appropriations lapse at year end, except those for the Capital Projects
 Fund. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of
 applicable projects, even when project extend more than one fiscal year.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year.
- Budgets are also legally adopted and presented for the Social Services Fund, Emergency Medical Fund and Water Pollution Control Fund.

B. Deficit fund equity

The following governmental funds had fund balance deficits at June 30, 2014:

- The Water Pollution Control Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,561 which will be funded from future charges for services and General Fund appropriations.
- The Bonded Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$10,854 which will be funded from the issuance of general obligation bond anticipation notes and bonds.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank," as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$35,018 of the Town's bank balance of \$36,696 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 29,838
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	5,180
_	
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 35,018

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2014, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$2,250. The following table provides summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard & Poor's
State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the Town had the following investments:

				Investment Maturities (Years)				ears)
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value		Less Than 1		1 - 10		More than 10
Interest-bearing investments:								
Government bonds	AAA \$	963	\$	215	\$	679	\$	69
Government bonds	AA+/AA-	2,010		127		1,883		
Government bonds	A+/A-	141		141				
Corporate bonds	AA+/AA-	589		241		317		31
Corporate bonds	A+/A-	30						30
Corporate bonds	BBB+/BBB-	560		370		190		
Certificates of deposit	N/A	1,047		346	_	701		
Total		5,340	\$_	1,440	\$_	3,770	\$_	130
Other investments:								
Mutual funds		1,089						
Pooled seprate accounts		76,334						
Guaranteed deposit		27,890						
Common stock		2,434						
Real estate		6,394						
Deferred retirement option progra	am _	513						
Total Investments	\$_	119,994	<u>-</u>					

Investment Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value if its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Credit Risk - The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Interest Rate Risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized to invest in corporate bonds, domestic common stocks, domestic equity real estate and international equities. The investments of this fund are held in trust by a trustee bank, which executes investment transactions under the direction of the pension plan's investment manager.

B. Receivables

Receivables by type at year end for the Town's government-wide financial statements, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental Activities												
	_	General		Water Pollution Control	<u>.</u> .	Bonded Projects	•	Capital Nonrecurring	-	Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Receivables:												
Taxes	\$	5,636	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	5,636
Interest		1,865										1,865
Sewer user fees				1,199								1,199
Accounts and other		1,706								38		1,744
Housing loans										1,719		1,719
Intergovernmental		173				1,211		396		341		2,121
Gross receivables	_	9,380		1,199		1,211		396		2,098		14,284
Less: Allowance for												
collection losses	-	1,704		60			•		-		_	1,764
Net Total Receivables	\$	7,676	\$	1,139	\$	1,211	\$	396	\$	2,098	\$	12,520

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
	_	Dalance	•	Thereases	-	Decreases	_	Dalance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	12,255	\$		\$		\$	12,255
Construction in progress		4,330		7,950	_	4,548	_	7,732
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	16,585	-	7,950	_	4,548	_	19,987
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		34,961						34,961
Building improvements		59,714		121				59,835
Machinery and equipment		14,752		347		75		15,024
Vehicles		12,828		1,961		952		13,837
Infrastructure		190,825	_	4,592	_	639	_	194,778
Total capital assets being depreciated		313,080		7,021	-	1,666	_	318,435
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		18,250		561				18,811
Building improvements		9,509		1,479				10,988
Machinery and equipment		5,021		1,212		30		6,203
Vehicles		6,137		798		775		6,160
Infrastructure	_	68,605		2,934		540		70,999
Total accumulated depreciation	_	107,522	-	6,984	-	1,345	_	113,161
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	205,558	-	37	-	321	_	205,274
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	222,143	\$	7,987	\$	4,869	\$_	225,261

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 865
Public safety	622
Public works	3,745
Health and social services	214
Library	43
Education	 1,495
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 6,984

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2014. At year end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Remaining Commitment
Road Improvement Program High School Expansion and Renovation	\$ 16,987 100,233
	\$ 117,220

The commitments are being financed with bond anticipation notes and state and federal grants.

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	\$	145
General Fund	Bonded Projects Fund		2,051
General Fund	Water Pollution Control Fund		2,013
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		685
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		1,252
Capital Nonrecurring fund	Internal Service Funds	_	285
		\$_	6,431

All balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

The General Fund advanced the Water Pollution Control Fund \$2,492. The advances amongst funds relate to working capital loans. None of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

Interfund transfers are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds. The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

	Transfers In								
	_	General Fund	_	Bonded Projects	•	Capital Nonrecurring		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Transfers Out
Transfers out:									
General Fund	\$		\$		\$	3,519	\$	60 \$	3,579
Water Pollution Control		79							79
Capital Nonrecurring				1,000					1,000
Nonmajor Governmental	_	47	_				_		47
Total Transfers In	\$_	126	\$_	1,000	\$	3,519	\$_	60 \$	4,705

E. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending		Due Within
	_	Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Balance	_	One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	21,975	\$		\$	2,525	\$	19,450	\$	2,860
Compensated absences		6,606		3,028		2,650		6,984		1,209
Landfill closure cost		225				15		210		15
Claims payable		1,043		87		423		707		200
Capital lease		5,546		783		1,696		4,633		1,711
Net OPEB Obligation	_	573		2,037	_	1,266	_	1,344	_	
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	35,968	\$	5,935	\$	8,575	\$	33,328	\$	5,995

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net OPEB obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	· <u>-</u>	Amount of Original Issue	Annual Principal	 Balance Outstanding June 30, 2014
General purpose:							
Road reconstruction	6/15/08	6/15/28	3.25-5	\$	19,000	Various	\$ 12,000
Refunding	8/12/09	7/1/18	2.0-4.0		4,392	Various	3,168
Total general purpose				_	23,392		15,168
School:							
Refunding	8/12/09	7/1/18	2.0-4.0	_	6,003	Various	4,282
Total Outstanding				\$_	29,395		\$ 19,450

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	_	Principal	_	Interest
2015	\$	2,860	\$	811
2016		2,865		677
2017		1,845		570
2018		1,870		466
2019		1,010		401
2020-2024		5,000		1,456
2025-2029		4,000		425
	\$_	19,450	\$_	4,806

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2014 is \$60,000. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

Legal Debt Limit

The Town is subject to the General Statutes of Connecticut, which limits the amount of debt outstanding at June 30, 2014 to the following:

Category	 Debt Limitation	-	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 213,343	\$	33,579	\$ 179,764
Schools	426,686		50,168	376,518
Sewers	355,571			355,571
Urban renewal	308,162			308,162
Pension deficit	284,457			284,457

Total debt outstanding may not exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$663,733).

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 19 years after closure. The liability for the landfill post-closure care, aggregating \$210, is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfills as of June 30, 2014. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Capital Leases

The town leases various computer and telephone equipment, ambulance, radio frequency towers and trucks. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of lease terms) and, therefore, are recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

	Governmental Activities
Asset: Vehicles and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 10,395 2,353
Total	\$ 8,042

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_	Governmental Activities
2015	\$	1,822
2016	Ψ	1,626
2017		856
2018		228
2019		133
Thereafter		223
Total lease payments	_	4,888
Less amount representing interest	_	255
Present Value of Future Minimum		
Lease Payments	\$	4,633

F. Short-Term Debt

The following is a summary of bond anticipation note activity for the year ended June 30, 2014

Project	Issue Date	Original Issue Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Balance July 1, 2013	Issued	Retired	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2014	
Road Improvement								
Program	8/14/2012	\$ 11,500	1.0-1.25%	\$ 11,500	\$	\$ 11,500	\$ -	
Road Improvement								
Program	8/13/2013	11,500	1.00%		11,500		11,500	
High School Expansion								
and Renovation								
Project	8/13/2013	11,500	1.00%		5,000		5,000	
		\$ 34,500		\$ 11,500	\$ 16,500	\$ 11,500	\$ 16,500	

G. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

		Water				Nonmajor						
		General		Pollution		Bonded	C	apital	G	Governmental		
	_	Fund		Control		Projects	Noni	recurring		Funds		Total
Fund balances:										_		
Nonspendable:												
Inventory	\$		\$		\$	5	\$		\$	112	\$	112
Advances		2,492										2,492
Prepaid expenses		2,132										2,132
Permanent fund principal										37		37
Restricted for:												
Grants										732		732
Committed:												
General government		515								1,007		1,522
Public safety		133								35		168
Public works								3,846				3,846
Health and social services		103								411		514
Library										304		304
Education		1,217								299		1,516
Assigned:												
Subsequent year's budget		700										700
Library - encumbrances		1										1
Education		131										131
Unassigned	_	16,041		(3,561)	_	(10,854)			_			1,626
Total Fund Balances	\$_	23,465	\$	(3,561)	\$	(10,854)	\$	3,846	\$	2,937	\$	15,833

4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Pension Trust Fund

The Town of Enfield administers two single-employer, contributory defined benefit pension plans. The two plans, Town and Police, are included in the financial statements as pension trust funds. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial statements.

Per the charter, the Town Manager is responsible for management of the pension plans, and the Town Treasurer is the treasurer of the plans. The Town Manager has appointed a committee comprised of the Town Manager, Finance Director, Human Resources Director and Treasurer to manage the pension plans.

Plan Description

Employee's Pension Plan

The Town of Enfield Pension Plan covers all employees working more than nineteen hours a week and for more than five months per calendar year except teachers covered und the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System and Police.

Police Pension Plan

The Town of Enfield Police Pension Plan covers employees in the Police Department working more than thirty-five hours a week and for more than five months per calendar year.

Benefit Provisions

Employee's Pension Plan

The Town provides all retirement benefits through a single-employer, contributory defined benefit plan. All employees are 100% vested after five years of continuous service. Employees who retire at normal retirement at age 65 receive a retirement benefit.

Police Pension Plan

The Town provides all retirement benefits through a single-employer, contributory defined benefit plan. All employees are 100% vested after ten years of continuous service. Employees who retire at normal retirement at age of the latter of age 50 or 20 years of service receive a retirement benefit.

At July 1, 2013, Plan membership consisted of the following:

	Employee's Pension	Police Pension
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated plan members entitled to benefits but not	246	55
yet receiving them and inactive with vested benefits	154	24
Active plan members	515	84
	915	163

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the two defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u>: Investments are reported at market value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

Town employees contribute 3.5% of earnings and Police employees contribute 7% of earnings. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

Investments

<u>Investment Policy:</u> The Employee's and Police Pension Plans' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Employee's and Police Pension Plans' investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2014:

	Target
	Allocation
Large Cap Equity	30%
Small Cap Equity	7%
International Equity	13%
Fixed Income	10%
Long Duration Bond	8%
Real Estate	5%
Stable Value	27%
	100%

<u>Concentrations</u>: The pension plans held the following investments representing 5% or more of the pension trust fund's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2014:

Private Placement Fund	\$ 5,638
Guaranteed Deposit Account	26,473

<u>Rate of Return:</u> For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments for the Employee's and Police Pension Plans, net of pension plan investment expense, were 15.2% and 14.8%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

The Police Pension Plan offers a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) to its bargaining unit employees employed on or after July 1, 2011. The DROP is intended to provide an alternative retirement option to police employees who are eligible to retire. An employee is considered eligible if they are a full-time employee and must have completed less than 35.25 years of service. During the DROP period, pension payments will be made depending on the DROP factor based on the age of the employee. Amounts held by the Police Pension Plan DROP investments at June 30, 2014 were \$514.

Net Pension Liability of the Town

In accordance with GASB No. 67, the components of the net pension liability of the Employee's and Police Pension Plans at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

		Employee's Pension Plan	Police Pension Plan
Total pension liability	\$	63,076	\$ 55,406
Plan fiduciary net position		59,330	51,801
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,746	\$ 3,605
Plan fiduciary net position as a perce of the total pension liability	ntage	94.06%	93.49%

The Employee's and Police Pension Plans' net pension liabilities will be required to be recorded on the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total pension liability for the Employee's and Police Pension Plans were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2012, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases 4.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment and contract fees,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
	Rate of
	Return
Large Cap Equity	8.50%
Small Cap Equity	9.25%
International Equity	8.25%
Fixed Income	5.00%
Long Duration Bond	6.00%
Real Estate	7.25%
Stable Value	4.50%
	48.75%

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% for both the Employee's Pension Plan and the Police Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u> The following presents the net pension liability of the Employee's and Police Pension Plans, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension (asset) liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	
Employee's Net Pension (Asset) Liability \$	11,233 \$	3,746 \$	(2,628)	
Police Plan Net Pension (Asset) Liability	10,539	3,605	(2,161)	

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

In accordance with GASB No. 27, the Town's annual pension cost and net pension asset to the Employee's and Police Pension Plans for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Employee's Pension	Police Pension Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC) \$	2,239	\$ 1,378
Interest on net pension obligation	(1)	(1)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	1	1
Annual pension cost	2,239	1,378
Contributions made	2,239	1,378
Change in net pension obligation	-	-
Net pension asset at beginning of year	(8)	(6)
Net Pension Asset at End of Year	(8)	(6)

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Asset	
	 050 (122-0)		110000	
Employee's Pension Plan				
6/30/2012	\$ 1,700	100%	(8)	
6/30/2013	2,083	100%	(8)	
6/30/2014	2,239	100%	(8)	
Police Pension Plan				
6/30/2012	\$ 1,217	100%	(6)	
6/30/2013	1,239	100%	(6)	
6/30/2014	1,378	100%	(6)	

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	. <u>-</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	 Funded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Percentage Funded (a/b)	. <u>-</u>	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
7/1/08	\$	41,426	\$	40,505	\$ 821	102.27%	\$	18,873	4.88%
7/1/09		42,223		42,448	(225)	99.47		19,921	(1.13)
7/1/10		43,801		46,278	(2,477)	94.65		19,496	(12.70)
7/1/11		47,054		52,432	(5,378)	89.74		19,894	(27.00)
7/1/12		48,027		55,630	(7,603)	86.33		20,851	(36.50)
7/1/13		51,446		59,675	(8,229)	86.21		20,611	(39.93)

Police Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	. <u>-</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	 Funded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Percentage Funded (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
7/1/08	\$ 37,429	\$	40,027	\$ (2,598)	93.51%	\$ 6,008	(43.24)%
7/1/09	37,681		42,483	(4,802)	88.70	5,920	(81,12)
7/1/10	39,116		44,852	(5,736)	87.21	6,226	(92.10)
7/1/11	42,000		48,568	(6,568)	86.48	6,636	(99.00)
7/1/12	43,205		50,043	(6,838)	86.34	6,381	(107.20)
7/1/13	45,493		52,897	(9,404)	86.00	5,918	(158.91)

Combining Schedule of Assets

	_	Employee's Pension Plan		Police Pension Plan	_	Total
Assets:						
Investments:						
Pooled separate accounts	\$	41,220	\$	35,114	\$	76,334
Deferred retirement option program				513		513
Guaranteed deposit		14,732		13,158		27,890
Real estate funds		3,378		3,016		6,394
Total investments	_	59,330	_	51,801	_	111,131
Net Position:						
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$_	59,330	\$_	51,801	\$_	111,131

Combining Schedule of Changes in Plan Net Position

		Employee's Pension Plan		Police Pension Plan		Total
Additions:	_		_		_	
Contributions:						
Employer contributions	\$	2,239	\$	1,378	\$	3,617
Employee contributions		711	_	443	_	1,154
Total contributions		2,950	-	1,821	_	4,771
Investment income:						
Interest and dividends		1,625		1,447		3,072
Net increase in fair value of investments		6,387		5,463		11,850
Total investment gain	•	8,012		6,910	_	14,922
Less investment expenses:						
Investment management fees	_	204	_	175	_	379
Net investment income		7,808	_	6,735	_	14,543
Total additions	-	10,758	_	8,556	_	19,314
Deductions:						
Benefits paid		2,797		2,170		4,967
Administration expenses		77		78		155
Total deductions		2,874	_	2,248	_	5,122
Change in Net Position		7,884		6,308		14,192
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	-	51,446	_	45,493	_	96,939
Net Position at End of Year	\$	59,330	\$_	51,801	\$_	111,131

B. Teachers Retirement

Teachers participate in a contributory defined benefit plan established under Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes and administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. Full-time certified teachers are vested in the system after ten years of service in this state.

All certified teachers are eligible to participate in the plan and are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual earnings. The Board of Education does not contribute to the plan. Prior to July 1, 1989, teachers were vested in their contributions up to 5% of their earnings prior to five years of service. After five years of service, teachers were fully vested in their own contributions. After ten years of service, teachers are fully vested and entitled to a monthly pension benefit that is payable at the age of 60. The State of Connecticut contributes amounts based on the actuarial reserve basis described in C.G.S. Sections 10-1831 and 10-1832. The State's contribution to the plan on behalf of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was \$9,362 and is recognized in the governmental funds GAAP-basis income statement. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$37,756, or 79.6% of the total Board of Education payroll as of \$47,439.

Effective July 1, 1989, 1% of the mandatory 7% contribution is placed into a fund from which retirees' health insurance premiums will be paid. This 1% contribution is no longer credited to the member's individual account and does not vest.

5. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Town provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan.

The plan covers Town, Police and Board of Education employees. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. The Town does not issue a stand-alone financial report for the plan.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At July 1, 2013, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retired members and spouses	
of retired members	291
Active plan members	1,000
Total	1,291

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Enfield's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	2,029
Interest on net OPEB obligation		44
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(36)
	'	
Annual OPEB Cost		2,037
Contributions made		1,266
	'	
Increase in net OPEB obligation		771
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year		573
	'	_
Net OPEB Obligation at End of Year	\$	1,344

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the three fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 is presented below.

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	<u>(</u>	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB (Asset) Obligation
6/30/2012 \$ 6/30/2013 6/30/2014	2,166 1,900 2,037	\$	1,806 1,279 1,266	83.4% 67.3% 62.2%	\$ (48) 573 1,344

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	(Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/2009 \$		\$ 23,965 \$	(23,965)	0%	\$ N/A	N/A
7/1/2011	3,076	21,500	(18,424)	14%	N/A	N/A
7/1/2013	3,530	24,916	(21,386)	14%	58,329	36.7%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Annual		
 Year Ended	Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2012	\$ 2,173	\$ 1,806	83%
6/30/2013	1,901	1,279	67%
6/30/2014	2,029	1,266	62%

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions are as follows:

Interest rate	7.50%
2013 medical trend rates	8.00%
Ultimate medical/Rx trend rate	5.00%
Amortization method	Level Percent Closed
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Remaining amortization period	26.79
Annual payroll increase	4.00%

6. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2014.

The Town is a member in the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), a public entity risk pool established for the purpose of administering an interlocal risk management program pursuant to the provisions of Section 7-479a et. Seq. of Connecticut General Statutes, for workers' compensation coverage. The Town pays an annual premium for its coverage. CIRMA is to be self-sustaining through members' premiums but reinsures in excess of \$750,000 (not rounded) for each insured occurrence.

The Town has chosen to establish a Self-Insurance Fund for risks associated with the employees' health insurance plan. This fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements. A premium is charged for each employee enrolled in the Town's health insurance plan. The total charge allocated to each of the funds is calculated using employee rates determined by the self-insurance administrator.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

	2014	2013
Claims payable, July 1 Claims incurred and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 1,362 19,070 (19,136)	\$ 1,541 17,681 (17,860)
Claims Payable, June 30	\$ 1,296	\$ 1,362

B. Contingent Liabilities

There are various suits and claims pending against the Town, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in judgment or judgments that could materially affect the Town's financial position.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

7. RESTATEMENT

The Employee's and Police Pension Trust Funds beginning net position was restated in order to properly record certain investments at market value. The impact of this restatement on the Employee's and Police Pension Trust Funds' net position is as follows:

	Employee's Pension Plan	-	Police Pension Plan
Beginning net position, as originally reported	\$ 50,672	\$	44,737
Restatement	774		756
Beginning Net Position, as Restated	\$ 51,446	\$	45,493

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 5, 2014, the Town issued \$25,000 of general obligation bonds and \$10,000 of bond anticipation notes maturing on August 1, 2034 and August 11, 2015, respectively. The general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes carry interest rates ranging between 2.5 - 4.0% and 1.0%, respectively.

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes:					
Real estate	\$	67,930 \$	67,930	\$ 67,635	\$ (295)
Motor vehicle	Ψ	7,443	7,443	7,414	(29)
Personal property		4,943	4,943	5,074	131
Prior year levy		300	300	1,551	1,251
Penalties and interest		650	650	1,302	652
Lien fees		10	10	16	6
Tax sale fees			4	8	4
Suspense list collections		10	10	7	(3)
Telephone access line		80	80	86	6
New revenue sources		813	813		(813)
Total property taxes	_	82,179	82,183	83,093	910
Intergovernmental:					
Hospital - PILOT		34	34	22	(12)
Department of Housing - PILOT				80	80
Tax loss - state property				1,145	1,145
Tax loss - bingo		1	1		(1)
Tax relief - elderly frozen		2	2	2	-
Tax relief - elderly circuit breaker		360	360	337	(23)
Tax relief - disability exemption		5	5	5	-
Mashantucket Pequot Indians		1,220	1,220	1,322	102
Civil preparedness		12	12		(12)
Tax relief - veterans additional		40	40	42	2
Town aid road grant		541	541	778	237
Education cost sharing		29,931	29,931	28,953	(978)
School transportation		125	125	465	340
Health services private schools		60	60	33	(27)
Miscellaneous federal grants				160	160
Miscellaneous state grants	_	12	19	79	60
Total intergovernmental	_	32,343	32,350	33,423	1,073
Charges For Services:					
Recording legal documents		150	150	192	42
Conveyance tax		250	250	308	58
Vital statistics		40	40	46	6
Planning and zoning fees		40	40	22	(18)
Zoning board of appeal fees		1	1	1	-
Miscellaneous clerk fees		40	40	35	(5)

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Photocopy charges \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 11 \$ 5		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actu	ıal	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fire district tax collection 280 280 300 20 Communication center 175 175 148 (27) Accident reports 4 4 4 3 (1) Environment recycling programs 94 94 134 40 Bulky waste fees 200 200 174 (26) Medicaid school based health 125 125 247 122 Other charges 2 2 2 2 2 Building and mechanical 420 432 980 548 Pistol permits 1 1 1 - Vendor permits 1 1 1 - Muntriage licenses 5 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 <td< td=""><td>Photocopy charges</td><td>\$ 6 \$</td><td>6</td><td>\$</td><td>11</td><td>\$ 5</td></td<>	Photocopy charges	\$ 6 \$	6	\$	11	\$ 5
Communication center 175 175 148 (27) Accident reports 4 4 3 (1) Environment recycling programs 94 494 134 40 Bulky waste fees 200 200 174 (26) Medicaid school based health 125 125 247 122 Other charges 2 1 (1) 1						
Accident reports 4 4 3 (1) Environment recycling programs 94 94 134 40 Bulky waste fees 200 200 174 (26) Medicaid school based health 125 125 22 22 1 (1) 1 1 1 1 1 1	Communication center	175			148	(27)
Environment recycling programs 94 94 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 134 40 135 125 125 247 122 13 134 13	Accident reports	4	4		3	
Bulky waste fees 200 200 174 (26) Medicaid school based health 125 125 247 122 Other charges 2 2 2 2 2 2 Building and mechanical 420 432 980 548 Pistol permits 14 14 20 6 Vendor permits 1 1 1 1 Vendor permits 1 1 1 (1) Dog licenses 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 2 2 - Sewer permits 1 1 1 (1) Mmarriage licenses 2 2 2 2 2 2 - - Sewer permits 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1<		94	94		134	
Medicaid school based health 125 125 247 122 Other charges 2 2 2 2 - Building and mechanical 420 432 980 548 Pistol permits 14 14 20 6 Vendor permits 1 1 1 1 Amusements 1 1 1 - Amusements 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 - Sewer permits 2 2 2 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 - - Sewer permits 1 1 1 (1) (1) 1 1 (1) (1) Dump permits 11 1 1 1 (1) (1) 1 1 (1) (1) 1 1			200			
Other charges 2 2 2 2 Building and mechanical 420 432 980 548 Pistol permits 14 14 14 20 6 Vendor permits 1 1 1 1 - Amusements 1 1 1 (1) 0 (1) Dog licenses 5 5 5 6 1 (1) Hunting and fishing 1 1 1 (1) (2) (2) 1 (1) (1) (1) (2) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Building and mechanical 420 432 980 548 Pistol permits 14 14 20 6 Vendor permits 1 1 1 - Amusements 1 1 1 (1) Dog licenses 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 Sewer permits 2 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 1 (1) Parking fines 7 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 12 Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 1 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1	Other charges					_
Pistol permits 14 14 20 6 Vendor permits 1 1 1 - Amusements 1 1 1 (1) Dog licenses 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 Sewer permits 2 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 11 (11) Parking fines 7 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - leaf bags		420				548
Vendor permits 1 1 1 1 Amusements 1 1 1 (1) Dog licenses 5 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 (1) (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 - Sewer permits 2 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 (11) (11) Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) (1) Library fines 12 12 12 12 - - Alarm fines 20 20 20 14 (6) 16 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 36 4 4 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 36 4 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 36 16 10 2 2<						
Amusements 1 1 1 (1) Dog licenses 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 Sewer permits 2 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 11 (11) Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbur			1			-
Dog licenses 5 5 6 1 Hunting and fishing 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 Sewer permits 2 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 11 (11) Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) M	_					(1)
Hunting and fishing 1 1 1 (1) Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 - Sewer permits 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 (11) Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 12 Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36)	Dog licenses	5	5		6	
Marriage licenses 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 (1) (1) Outpermits 1 1 1 (1) (1) Dumpermits 11 11 11 (11) (11) 1 (11) (11) 1 (11) (11) 1 (11) 1 (11) 1 1 (12) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 5 4 4 6 6 1 1 1 5 4 6 8 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 4 4 6 9 1 3 4 7 3 4 8 1 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1	•					
Sewer permits 2 2 1 (1) Dump permits 11 11 11 (11) Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652		2	2		2	-
Dump permits 11 11 11 (11) Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: 150 150 75 (75)						(1)
Parking fines 7 7 6 (1) Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources:						
Library fines 12 12 12 - Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest: 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	* *				6	
Alarm fines 20 20 14 (6) Blight ordinance fines 2 2 19 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)		12	12			-
Blight ordinance fines 2 2 1 17 Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	•					(6)
Snow removal fines 1 1 5 4 Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Blight ordinance fines				19	
Rental - Town owned property 311 311 347 36 Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)						4
Probate court space rental 12 12 13 1 Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Rental - Town owned property	311	311			36
Sale - cash 200 200 281 81 Sale - leaf bags 7 7 4 (3) Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)						
Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	<u>-</u>					
Insurance claims and refunds 150 150 107 (43) Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Sale - leaf bags	7	7		4	(3)
Vehicle insurance reimbursement 45 45 9 (36) Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)		150	150		107	
Miscellaneous 131 131 202 71 Total charges for services 2,762 2,774 3,652 878 Interest: Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Vehicle insurance reimbursement	45	45		9	
Interest: 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Miscellaneous	131	131		202	
Interest on investments 150 150 75 (75) Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Total charges for services	 2,762	2,774	3	,652	878
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Interest:					
Transfers in 286 286 127 (159) Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Interest on investments	 150	150		75	(75)
Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Other Financing Sources:					
Use of fund balance 730 1,578 (1,578)	Transfers in	286	286		127	(159)
	Use of fund balance					
					127	

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Original Budget	- -	Final Budget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total	\$ 118,450	\$	119,321 \$	120,370	\$_	1,049
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Co Teachers' Retirement System for Town teachers are	onnecticut State			9,362		
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances are recogniz revenue	•			(12)		
Capital lease issuance				389		
Excess cost grant revenue is budgeted as a credit to e	ducation expenditu	ures		1,422		
Out of district tuition is budgeted as a credit to educate	tion expenditures			388		
Funds consolidated for GASB 54 purposes				9,497	_	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Report Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Exhibit IV			s \$	141,416		
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance				141,416	=	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	(11	i i nousanas)			
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
General Government:					
Town council	\$	76 \$	76 \$	74 \$	2
Town manager	•	454	454	430	24
Data processing and MIS		2,453	2,671	2,671	-
Town attorney		377	384	383	1
Probate court		34	34	23	11
Election/voter registration		109	120	118	2
Town clerk		478	483	471	12
Records manager		73	75	74	1
Personnel office		428	428	321	107
Finance administration		193	193	188	5
Treasury		426	426	351	75
Assessment and revenue collection		581	585	546	39
General services		136	136	135	1
Board of assessment appeals		5	5	5	_
Enfield revitalization committee		2	2	1	1
Cultural arts		9	9	9	_
Ethics committee		1	1		1
Keep Enfield beautiful		7	7	2	5
Historic district commission		3	3	2	1
Loan review committee		1			-
Economic development commission		1	1		1
Community response team		7	7	1	6
Total general government	<u>-</u>	5,854	6,100	5,805	295
Public Safety:					
Police services		10,977	10,916	10,747	169
School security		577	709	595	114
Public safety communications		1,158	1,158	1,100	58
Emergency management		7	7	1	6
Total public safety	=	12,719	12,790	12,443	347
Public Works:					
Public works administration		659	659	643	16
Maintenance/buildings and grounds		5,394	5,506	5,493	13
Custodial maintenance		4,246	4,220	4,163	57
Highway and sanitation supervision		1,799	1,903	1,864	39
Equipment maintenance and repair		1,209	1,209	1,151	58
Refuse collection	_	3,336	3,236	3,180	56
Total public works		16,643	16,733	16,494	239

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Library:				
Public library	\$ 1,541 \$	3 1,550 \$	1,542 \$	8
E-TV	75	72	70	2
Total library	1,616	1,622	1,612	10
Planning and Development:				
Town planner	279	305	289	16
Zoning commission	22	25	24	1
Building inspection	366	378	372	6
Zoning board of appeals	6	5	4	1
Conservation commission	4	3	3	_
Inland wetlands commission	8	6	4	2
Community development	365	365	283	82
Economic development	282	257	225	32
Total planning and development	1,332	1,344	1,204	140
Intergovernmental and Interagency:				
Capital region council of governments	29	29	29	_
Capital region growth council	9	9	9	_
Enfield cemetery association	34	34	34	_
Enfield historical society	15	15	15	-
Connecticut conference of municipalities	32	32	32	_
National league of cities	4	4	4	-
Enfield veteran's council	39	39	39	-
District fire marshal fees	1	1		1
North central health district	200	200	200	-
Clean energy committee	2	2		2
Celebrations and special events	62	63	63	-
High school safe graduation	1	1		1
Greater Hartford transit district	6	6	6	-
Housing education resource	4	4	4	-
Connecticut river assembly	1	1		1
Athletic hall of fame	1	1	1	
Total intergovernmental and interagency	440	441	436	5
Board of Education	64,262	64,262	64,131	131
Nondepartmental:				
Insurance and bond charges	632	632	632	-
Employee benefit	2,948	2,953	2,951	2
Miscellaneous charges	2,318	2,252	1,870	382
Total nondepartmental	5,898	5,837	5,453	384
Debt Service	3,634	3,634	3,519	115
Transfer Out	6,052	6,558	6,558	-

(Continued on next page)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Total	\$ 118,450	\$ 119,321 \$	117,655 \$	1,666
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures to the Connection on-behalf payments to the Connection	icut State Teachers'			
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted			9,362	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered by		•		
in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, b	out in the year receive	ed for		
financial reporting purposes			11	
Capital lease issuance			389	
Transfers out eliminated for GASB 54 purposes			(2,979)	
Excess cost grant revenue is budgeted as a credit to educ	ation expenditures		1,422	
Out of district tuition is budgeted as a credit to education	expenditures		388	
Funds consolidated for GASB 54 purposes		_	11,130	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported	on the Statement of			
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	Governmental Funds	; -		
Exhibit IV		\$_	137,378	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN

LAST FISCAL YEAR (In Thousands)

Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	1,971
Interest		4,227
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,797)
Net change in total pension liability	_	3,401
Total pension liability - beginning		59,675
Total pension liability - ending	_	63,076
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		2,239
Contributions - member		711
Net investment income		7,808
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,797)
Other		(77)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		7,884
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		51,446
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	59,330
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	3,746
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.06%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	20,611
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		18.17%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN

LAST FISCAL YEAR (In Thousands)

Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	921
Interest		3,758
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,170)
Net change in total pension liability		2,509
Total pension liability - beginning		52,897
Total pension liability - ending		55,406
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		1,378
Contributions - member		443
Net investment income		6,735
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,170)
Administrative expense		(78)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		6,308
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		45,493
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	51,801
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	3,605
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.49%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,918
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		60.92%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	_	2005		2006	2007		2008	:	2009	_	2010	2011	_	2012	_	2013	201	.4
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,106 \$ 1,106	S 	1,148 \$ 1,148	1,13 1,13	4 \$ 4	1,061 \$ 1,068	·	1,171 1,171	\$	1,388 \$ 1,397	1,678 1,678	\$	1,699 1,699	\$ 	2,083 \$ 2,083		,239 ,239
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	_ \$		_ \$	(7) \$	<u> </u>		\$	(9) \$	-	\$		\$	- \$		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	16,596 \$	S	17,795 \$	19,19	8 \$	18,873 \$	6	19,921	\$	19,496 \$	19,894	\$	20,851	\$	20,851 \$	20,	,611
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.66%		6.45%	5.91	%	5.66%		5.88%		7.17%	8.43%		8.15%		9.99%	10.	.86%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Changes in assumptions and differences between assumptions and actual experience are recognized over the average remaining years of employment of

employees. Differences between expected earnings on plan investments and actual investment earning are recognized over a five year period. Changes

in benefit terms are recognized immediately.

Asset valuation method

Valued at contract value with a market value adjustment factor for the Guaranteed Deposit Account Assets and at market value for Separate accounts, which is considered the best representation of Fair value. The market value of Guaranteed Deposit Account is an estimate only and not the result of the

precise calculation which would be done at contract discontinuance or to measure the impact of excess withdrawals in any calendar year.

Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases 4.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment and contract fees, including inflation

Termination Prudential Term Scale D

Survivor's benefit

It is assumed husbands are 3 years older than wives and that 80% of the male participants and 60% of the female participants who are or will become

eligible for coverage under the Survivor's Benefit will be survived by an eligible survivor.

Disability The 1987 Commissioner's Group Disability with a six month elimination period was used.

Retirement age Age 62 is assumed retired at 25% and age 65 at 100%. Participants at or beyond age 65 are assumed to retire

Mortality RP-2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table projected to 2010 for Males or Females, as appropriate.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	_	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	285 \$ 285	315 \$ 315	556 \$ 556	548 \$ 551	785 \$ 785	1,075 \$ 1,082	1,218 \$ 1,218	1,216 \$ 1,216	1,239 \$ 1,239	1,378 1,378
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(3) \$	- \$	(7) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,778 \$	5,520 \$	5,456 \$	6,008 \$	5,920 \$	6,226 \$	6,636 \$	6,381 \$	6,381 \$	5,918
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.96%	5.71%	10.19%	9.17%	13.26%	17.38%	18.35%	19.06%	19.42%	23.28%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013
Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Changes in assumptions and differences between assumptions and actual experience are recognized over the average remaining years of employment of

employees. Differences between expected earnings on plan investments and actual investment earning are recognized over a five year period. Changes in

benefit terms are recognized immediately.

Asset valuation method Valued at contract value with a market value adjustment factor for the Guaranteed Deposit Account Assets and at market value for Separate accounts,

which is considered the best representation of Fair value. The market value of Guaranteed Deposit Account is an estimate only and not the result of the

precise calculation which would be done at contract discontinuance or to measure the impact of excess withdrawals in any calendar year.

Inflation 4.00%

Salary increases 4.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment and contract fees

Estimated expenses \$36

Termination Prudential Term Scale D

Survivor's benefit It is assumed husbands are 3 years older than wives and that 80% of the male participants and 60% of the female participants who are or will become

eligible for coverage under the Survivor's Benefit will be survived by an eligible survivor.

Disability The 1987 Commissioner's Group Disability with a six month elimination period was used.

Retirement age Age of 55 and the completion of 20 years of service. Participants at or beyond this age and service are assumed to retire immediately.

Mortality RP-2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table projected to 2010 for Males or Females, as appropriate.

ç

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense:	
Employee's Pension Plan	15.2%
Police Pension Plan	14.9%

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, health and social services, education, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

In addition, the Town has a number of funds that do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund according to GASB Statement No. 54 as their revenues are not committed or restricted to a specific purpose. The following funds are combined with the general fund:

General Government Grants - To account for general government grants

Schools Miscellaneous - To account for fees and local funding for rental of school facilities, drivers education, non-grant portion of adult education and retiree insurance co-pays

Emergency Medical Services - To account for fees and services for emergency medical aid and transportation

Revaluation - To account for funding of ten year revaluation

Social Services - To account for the operations of the social service divisions

Emergency Fuel Bank - To account for fuel for needy families

Elderly Relief - To account for funding for elderly programs

Recreation - To account for funding for recreational programs

Police Outside Services - To account for police special duty services

GENERAL FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	General		General Government Grants	_	School Miscellaneous		Emergency Medical Services	_	Revaluation		Social Services
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,761	\$	120	\$	1,224	\$		\$	594	\$	83
Investments		1,412										
Receivables, net		6,434						949				201
Due from other funds		6,495										
Advances to other funds		2,492										
Prepaid assets	_	2,126			_				-		_	
Total Assets	\$	32,720	\$	120	\$_	1,224	\$_	949	\$_	594	\$_	284
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,641	\$	3	\$	5	\$	142	\$		\$	188
Due to other funds		1,359				2		722		516		357
Unearned revenue			_						_			5
Total liabilities		4,000		3	_	7		864	_	516	_	550
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		5,603										
Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable								721				
Unavailable revenue - grants receivable		44										207
Advance property tax collections		473			_		_		_			
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,120		-	_	-		721	_		_	207
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable		4,618										
Committed				117		1,217				78		
Assigned		832										
Unassigned		17,150			_			(636)	_			(473)
Total fund balances	_	22,600		117	_	1,217		(636)	-	78	_	(473)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	32,720	\$_	120	\$_	1,224	\$_	949	\$_	594	\$	284

(Continued on next page)

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GENERAL FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		ergency el Bank Eld	lerly Relief	Recreation	Police Outside Services		Interfund Eliminations	_	Total General Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	\$	416	\$ 59	\$		\$	16,257
Investments					02				1,412
Receivables, net Due from other funds		5	98		92		(1,704)		7,676 4,894
Advances to other funds		3	98				(1,704)		2,492
Prepaid assets				6					2,132
Tropina associ	-				-			_	2,102
Total Assets	\$	<u>5</u> \$	98 \$	422	\$151	= \$=	(1,704)	\$_	34,863
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	\$	\$	24	\$ 18	\$		\$	3,021
Due to other funds							(1,704)		1,252
Unearned revenue				72			(1.70.1)	_	77
Total liabilities				96	18		(1,704)	_	4,350
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes									5,603
Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable									721
Unavailable revenue - grants receivable									251 473
Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources							-	_	7,048
Total deferred lilliows of resources		-						_	7,048
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		_		6					4,624
Committed		5	98	320	133				1,968
Assigned									832
Unassigned Total fund balances		5	98	326	133			_	16,041 23,465
i otai iund valdiices		<u>J</u>	70	320	133		-	_	23,403
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					<u>.</u>		=		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	<u> </u>	98 \$	422	\$ 151	_ \$_	(1,704)	\$_	34,863

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

		General	General Government Grants	School Miscellaneous	Emergency Medical Services	Revaluation	Social Service	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	83,092	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Intergovernmental		44,467						2,146
Charges for services		3,770	16	2,605	2,271			1,646
Contributions					2			179
Investment income		75						
Total revenues	_	131,404	16	2,605	2,273			3,971
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		5,805	38					
Public safety services		12,452						
Public works		16,494						
Health and social services					2,744			5,813
Library		1,615						
Planning and development		1,204						
Intergovernmental and interagency		435						
Education		75,303		1,736				
Non-departmental		5,453						
Capital outlay		389						
Debt service		3,519						
Total expenditures		122,669	38	1,736	2,744			5,813
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		8,735	(22)	869	(471)		((1,842)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Capital lease proceeds		389						
Transfers in		127			722			1,914
Transfers out		(6,558)						
Net other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	(6,042)	<u> </u>		722			1,914
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,693	(22)	869	251			72
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	19,907	139	348	(887)	78		(545)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	22,600	\$117	\$ 1,217	\$ (636)	\$	\$	(473)

(Continued on next page)

6:

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

	Emergency Fuel Bank	Elderly Relief		Recreation	Police Outside Services	Interfund Eliminations		Total General Fund
Revenues:								
Property taxes	;	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	83,092
Intergovernmental								46,613
Charges for services				203	429			10,940
Contributions								181
Investment income		_					_	75
Total revenues				203	429			140,901
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government				436				6,279
Public safety services					363			12,815
Public works								16,494
Health and social services								8,557
Library								1,615
Planning and development								1,204
Intergovernmental and interagency								435
Education								77,039
Non-departmental								5,453
Capital outlay								389
Debt service								3,519
Total expenditures				436	363	_	_	133,799
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		<u> </u>	_	(233)	66		_	7,102
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
								200
Capital lease proceeds Transfers in				2.12		(2.070)		389
Transfers in Transfers out				342		(2,979)		126
		_		2.12		2,979		(3,579)
Net other financing sources (uses)				342		-		(3,064)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-		109	66	-		4,038
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5	98		217	67		_	19,427
Fund Balances at End of Year	5	\$ 98	_ \$_	326	\$ 133	\$	\$_	23,465

GENERAL FUND

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

Total Tot				Lawfu	l Corrections		_					
2012 S				Additions	Deductions			Taxes			Total	
1,000 1,000 324 324 324 320 320 325 327 321 320 327 320	Town Taxes:											
2010 883 4 4 883 456 179 635 427 2009 551 12 12 551 257 130 387 24 2007 354 1 377 131 90 221 246 2006 266 1 1 373 25 27 52 242 2006 266 1 1 267 25 27 52 242 2008 379 27 31 58 325 222 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 10 37 46 200 31 51 387 203 20 30 17 46 200 33 1 9 13 23 200 13 51 23 200 19 13 23 30 7 10 220 19 19 1 1	2012	\$	84,267	\$ 196	5 \$ 1,331 \$	\$	83,132 \$	81,428 \$	\$	328 \$	81,756 \$	1,704
2009				324	4 324							
2008 377 131 90 221 246 2007 354 1 353 63 53 116 290 2006 266 1 267 25 27 52 242 2005 379 27 31 58 352 2004 407 20 31 51 387 2003 258 258 5 12 17 253 2002 50 50 4 3 10 17 46 2001 26 26 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 22 22 2 7 9 20 1999 22 2 2 7 9 20 1999 19 19 19 1 1 1 2 19 20wr tax total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6												
2007 354 1 353 63 53 116 200 2006 266 1 267 25 27 52 242 2005 379 379 20 31 58 352 2004 407 407 20 31 51 387 2003 288 5 12 17 283 2002 50 50 4 3 10 17 46 2001 26 26 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 23 23 3 7 10 20 1998 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 19 19 1 1 1 2 19 2012 10,042 19 100 9,86 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fre Taxes <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12</td> <td>2 12</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				12	2 12							
2006 266 1 267 25 27 52 242 2005 379 379 27 31 58 352 2004 407 20 31 51 387 2003 258 5 12 17 253 2001 26 6 26 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 22 22 2 7 9 20 1999 22 22 22 7 7 9 20 1998 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Free Taxes 2012 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,783 46 9,829 178 2012 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,783 46 9,829	2008						377					
2005 379 379 27 31 58 352 2004 407 20 31 51 387 2003 258 258 5 12 17 253 2002 50 50 4 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 25 26 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 22 2 7 10 20 1998 18 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 19 19 1 1 1 2 19 Town Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Tax 2012 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,783 46 9,829 178 2012 10,042 19					_							
2004					1							
2003 258 258 5 12 17 253 2002 50 50 4 3 10 17 46 2001 26 26 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 22 2 7 9 20 1998 18 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 19 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 2 2 2 7 9 20 1998 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 19 6 1.165 84,661 5.075 Free Tax 2012 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,783 46 9,829 178 2011 201 72 73 200 116 30 146 84												
2002 50												
2001 26 26 3 1 9 13 23 2000 23 23 3 7 10 20 1998 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 19 1 1 1 2 19 Town Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Taxes: 2012 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,783 46 9,829 178 2011 201 72 73 200 116 30 146 84 2011 201 72 73 200 116 30 146 84 2011 201 1 1 101 51 22 73 50 2009 61 1 1 101 51 12 13 <												
2000 23 23 3 7 10 20 1999 22 2 2 2 7 9 20 1998 18 18 1 1 3 5 17 1997 19 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075 Fire Tax Total 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,781												
1999 22									1			
1998 18												20
Town Tax Total 89,700 537 1,672 - 88,565 83,490 6 1,165 84,661 5,075												
Free Taxes: Same of the property of th								1	1			
Fire Taxes: 2012	1997		19						1			19
2012 10,042 19 100 9,961 9,783 46 9,829 178 2011 201 72 73 200 116 30 146 84 2010 101 1 1 101 51 22 73 50 2009 61 1 101 51 22 73 50 2008 45 45 61 26 15 41 35 2008 45 45 45 16 11 27 29 2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 4 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3	Town Tax Total		89,700	537	1,672		88,565	83,490	6	1,165	84,661	5,075
2011 201 72 73 200 116 30 146 84 2010 101 1 1 101 51 22 73 50 2009 61 61 26 15 41 35 2008 45 45 16 11 27 29 2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 2 2	Fire Taxes:											
2010 101 1 1 101 51 22 73 50 2009 61 61 26 15 41 35 2008 45 45 16 11 27 29 2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 4 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1	2012		10,042	19	100		9,961	9,783		46	9,829	178
2010 101 1 1 101 51 22 73 50 2009 61 61 26 15 41 35 2008 45 45 16 11 27 29 2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 4 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 2 1 1	2011		201	72	2 73		200	116		30	146	84
2009 61 61 26 15 41 35 2008 45 45 16 11 27 29 2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2	2010		101	1			101	51		22	73	
2008 45 45 16 11 27 29 2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 1997 1 1 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561	2009		61				61	26		15		
2007 42 42 8 7 15 34 2006 32 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 2 2 1997 1 1 - 1 1 149 10,163 561	2008									11		
2006 32 32 3 3 6 29 2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 2 2 1997 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561										7		
2005 48 48 5 5 10 43 2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 2 2 1997 1 1 1 1 149 10,163 561												
2004 41 41 4 5 9 37 2003 27 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 1997 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561												
2003 27 1 1 1 27 2002 5 5 1 1 1 3 4 2001 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 1997 1 1 1 1 149 10,163 561 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561												
2002 5 2001 3 2000 3 2000 3 1999 2 1998 2 1997 1 1 1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td>								•		1		
2001 3 3 1 1 1 3 2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 2 1997 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 19 10,163 561								1	1	1	3	
2000 3 3 1 1 1 3 1999 2 2 1 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 1997 1 - 1 - - 1 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561								•	•	1		
1999 2 2 1 1 2 1998 2 2 2 2 1997 1 - 1 - - 1 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561							-			1	-	
1998 2 2 1997 1 - 1 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561										1		
1997 1 1 - 1 Fire Tax Total 10,656 92 174 - 10,574 10,013 1 149 10,163 561										1	1	
											-	
Total \$ 100.356 \$ 629 \$ 1.846 \$ - \$ 99.139 \$ 93.503 \$ 7 \$ 1.314 \$ 94.824 \$ 5.636	Fire Tax Total		10,656	92	2 174		10,574	10,013	1	149	10,163	561
	Total	s	100 356	\$ 629	9 \$ 1846 \$	- \$	99 139 \$	93 503 \$	7 \$	1 314 \$	94 824 \$	5 636

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - SOCIAL SERVICES FUND

		Original Budget	,	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,981	\$	2,024	\$	2,146	\$ 122
Charges for services		1,834		1,839		1,646	(193)
Contributions		125		251		183	(68)
Use of fund balance		15		15	_		(15)
Total revenues	-	3,955		4,129	-	3,975	(154)
Expenditures: Current:							
Health and social services		5,838		6,042		5,754	288
Total expenditures		5,838	į	6,042	-	5,754	288
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,883)		(1,913)		(1,779)	134
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in	-	1,883	ı	1,913	_	1,914	1
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-		135	\$ 135
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					_	(549)	
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$_	(414)	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis						.	
		Revenues		Expenditures		Fund Balance	
	•	Revenues	į	Lapenditures	-	Dulunce	
Balance, Budgetary Basis - June 30, 2014 Cancellation of prior year encumbrances Prior year encumbrances charged to	\$	3,975 (4)	\$	5,754	\$	(414)	
budgetary last year	•		ı	59	_	(59)	
Balance, GAAP basis - June 30, 2014	\$	3,971	\$	5,813	\$_	(473)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual]	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	2,160	\$	2,160	\$	2,271	\$	111
Contributions			_		_	2		2
Total revenues	_	2,160	_	2,160	_	2,273	_	113
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Health and social services		3,002	_	3,063	_	2,948		115
Total expenditures	_	3,002	_	3,063	_	2,948	_	115
Deficiency of Revenues over								
Expenditures		(842)		(903)		(675)		228
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in	_	842	_	903	_	722	_	(181)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_		\$_	-		47	\$_	47
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					_	(887)		
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$_	(840)		

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

	Ex	penditures	_	Fund Balance
Balance, Budgetary Basis - June 30, 2014 Encumbrances outstanding at end of year,	\$	2,948	\$	(840)
charged to budgetary expenditures		(204)	_	204
Balance, GAAP basis - June 30, 2014	\$	2,744	\$_	(636)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Special Revenue Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. The nature and purpose of each Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Cafeteria	Sales and grants	School lunch program
Dog	License fees, fines and Town appropriation	Operation of animal control
Open Space Acquisition	Local funding	General government
Community Development	Federal grants	Federal housing funds
Public Library	State funds and public gifts	Library support
Drug Enforcement Education Grants	State grant	Drug enforcement activities
Town Memorial	Donations	Town Green and Memorial
Educational Grants	State and Federal grants	Special Education programs
Scholarship	Donations	Student scholarships
Maciolek Post Ambulance	Donations	Purchase of ambulances

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes as categorized by the fund title. The Library Trust Fund is the Town's only permanent fund. It accounts for the funds endowed to the Town to benefit the Town's Library services. (Phelps Fund, H.F. Fletecher Fund, J. Pickens Fund, C. P. Cope Fund, H.A. Mosley Fund and Wrona Fund).

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

											Cnade	J D	evenue Funds									ermanent Funds		
		-	Cafeteria		Dog	A	Open Space Acquisition		Community evelopment		Specia Public Library	E	Drug Enforcement Education Grant		Town Memorial	Scholarship	<u> </u>	Educational Grants		Macioek Post Ambulance		Library Trust	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	ASSETS																							
	Cash Investments Receivables Inventory	\$	404 244 112	\$	70	\$	772	\$	572 1,739	\$	332 59	\$	74 \$ 53	_	93	\$ 299	\$	63	\$	562	\$	63	\$	3,304 59 2,060 112
	Total Assets	\$	760	\$	70	\$	772	\$	2,311	\$	391	\$_	127 \$	·	93	\$ 299	\$	87	\$_	562	\$_	63	\$_	5,535
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																							
72	Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	28 3	\$	35	\$	163	\$ 	12 255 267	\$	113	\$	12 \$; _		\$	\$ 	86 87	\$	151	\$	-	\$	88 685 86 859
	Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - grants receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	_	-	· _		_	20 1,719 1,739	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_			_	<u> </u>	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	20 1,719 1,739
	Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances	-	112 617 729	_	35 35		609 609		305 305		278 278	_	115	_	93 93	299 299	_		-	411 411		37 26 63	_	149 732 2,056 2,937
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	760	\$_	70	\$_	772	\$	2,311	\$_	391	\$_	127 \$	·	93	\$ <u>299</u>	\$	87	\$_	562	\$_	63	\$_	5,535

TOWN OF TOLLAND, CONNECTICUT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

						Special F	Revenue Funds					Permanent Fund	
		Cafeteria	Dog	Open Space Acquisition	Community Development	Public Library	Drug Enforcement Education Grant	Town Memorial	Scholarship	Educational Grants	Macioek Post Ambulance	Library Trust	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Contributions and donations Other income Total revenues	\$	1,005 S 1,193 1	23	7_	\$ 77 45	3 7 6 3		65	\$	\$ 3,858	1		\$ 5,054 1,266 9 72 10
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Library		2,199	24		346		104	<u>67</u> 59		3,858	1		6,411 405 159 15
Education Total expenditures	_	2,001 2,001	40		346	15	119	59	4	3,858 3,858			5,863 6,442
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	198	(16) 7	(224)	14	(15)	8	(4)		1		(31)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Net other financing sources (uses)	_		12	_	(47) (47)		48			<u> </u>			60 (47) 13
Net Change in Fund Balances		198	(4) 7	(271)	14	33	8	(4)	-	1	-	(18)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	531	39	602	576	264	82	85	303		410	63	2,955
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	729	\$ 35	\$ 609	\$ 305	\$ 278	\$ 115	\$ 93	\$ 299	\$	\$ 411 5	63	\$ 2,937

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(In Thousands)

	-	Original Budget	· <u>-</u>	Final Budget	_	Actual	-	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	1,331	\$	1,331	\$	1,346	\$	15
Intergovernmental revenue		390		390		241		(149)
Charges for services		1,564		2,127		1,620		(507)
Other revenue		15		15				(15)
Total revenues	-	3,300	_	3,863	_	3,207		(656)
Expenditures: Current:								
Public works		3,061		3,784		3,111		673
Total expenditures	-	3,061	- -	3,784	_	3,111		673
Excess of Revenues over								
Expenditures		239		79		96		17
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers out	-	(239)	_	(79)	_	(79)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$_			17	\$	17
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					_	(3,578)		
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$_	(3,561)		

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service funds are used for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Town, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund - To account for the revenues and related expenses for the health self-insurance plan for employees.

Information Technology Fund - Accounts for the financial operation of the central information systems department.

Commercial Liability Fund - Accounts for the commercial liability insurance activities at the Town.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

	-	Health Insurance Fund	•	Information Technology Fund	•	Commercial Liability Fund	•	Eliminations	Total
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,187	\$	110	\$	688	\$	\$	5,985
Investments						1,129			1,129
Accounts receivable, net		6		32					38
Prepaid items						2			2
Due from other funds		1,285						(33)	1,252
	_		-		=				_
Total assets	_	6,478		142		1,819		(33)	8,406
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		42		122		15			179
Claims payable		1,296							1,296
Due to other funds	_					318		(33)	285
Total liabilities	_	1,338		122		333	•	(33)	1,760
Net Position:									
Unrestricted	_	5,140		20	•	1,486	•		6,646
Total Net Position	\$_	5,140	\$	20	\$	1,486	\$	- \$	6,646

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Health Insurance Fund	Information Technology Fund	 Commercial Liability Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 17,474	3,861	\$ 1,095 \$	22,430
Operating Expenses:				
Health insurance claims	19,136			19,136
Risk management claims			1,116	1,116
Technology services		3,828	 	3,828
Total operating expenses	19,136	3,828	 1,116	24,080
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,662)	33	(21)	(1,650)
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Income on investments	6	-	 6	12
Change in Net Position	(1,656)	33	(15)	(1,638)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	6,796	(13)	 1,501	8,284
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 5,140	\$ 20	\$ 1,486 \$	6,646

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	_	Health Insurance Fund	-	Information Technology Fund		Commercial Liability Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Receipts from charges for services	\$	18,360	\$	3,829	\$	1,106 \$	23,295
Payments for claims, premiums and fees		(19,998)		(3,755)		(1,106)	(24,859)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	(1,638)		74			(1,564)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Purchases of investments						(33)	(33)
Investment income		6				6	12
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	6				(27)	(21)
Net Increase (Decrease in) Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,632)		74		(27)	(1,585)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	6,819	-	36	•	697	7,552
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	5,187	\$	110	\$	670 \$	5,967
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,662)	\$	33	\$	(21) \$	(1,650)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	· -	() /			·		(, ,
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Increase in accounts receivable		(2)		(32)			(34)
Decrease in prepaid expenses						11	11
Decrease in due from other funds		888					888
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other payables		(122)		73		9	(40)
Increase in claims payable		154					154
Decrease in due to other funds	_	(894)	_			1	(893)
Total adjustments	_	24	-	41		21	86
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	(1,638)	\$	74	\$	- \$	(1,564)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

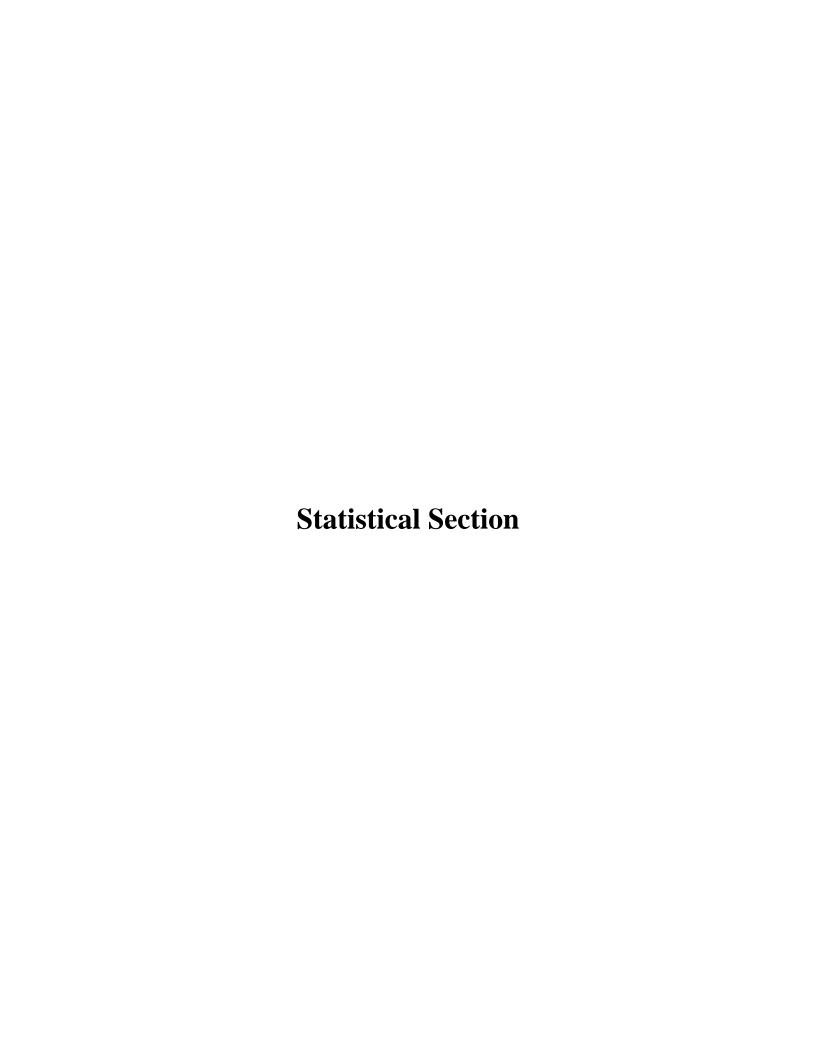
Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations, but are merely clearing accounts. There is no fund equity. The Town has seven agency funds: The Student Activity Funds, Performance Bonds Fund, Employee Insurance - Board of Education Fund, Cultural Arts Commission Fund, and Smyth Bus Contract Bond Fund. The Student Activity Funds account for monies generated by student activities in the Enfield School System.

AGENCY FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Balance ly 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Student activity funds	\$ 400 \$	785 \$	768 \$	417
Employee Insurance - Board of Education	23	66	64	25
Performance bonds	823	320	55	1,088
Cultural Arts Commission	36	13	22	27
Smyth Bus Contract Bond	 100			100
Total cash and cash equivalents	 1,382	1,184	909	1,657
Total Assets	\$ 1,382 \$	1,184 \$	909 \$	1,657
Liabilities:				
Deposits held for others:				
Student activity funds	\$ 400 \$	785 \$	795 \$	390
Employee Insurance - Board of Education	23	66	64	25
Performance bonds	598	320	55	863
Cultural Arts Commission	36	13	22	27
Smyth Bus Contract Bond	100			100
Total deposits held for others	1,157	1,184	936	1,405
Accounts payable:				
Student activity funds		27		27
Performance bonds	 225			225
Total accounts payable	 225	27	-	252
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,382 \$	1,211 \$	936 \$	1,657



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year 2007 2008 2012 2013 2005 2006 2009 2010 2011 2014 Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets 84,843 \$ 94,180 \$ 183,330 \$ 182,424 \$ 174,618 \$ 186,149 \$ 189,683 \$ 191,750 \$ 189,574 \$ 192,678 1,852 Restricted 65 1,905 6,057 1,983 1,782 58 60 62 64 31,799 34,133 36,178 27,376 24,273 29,354 Unrestricted 37,249 41,210 26,465 28,604 Total Governmental Activities Net Position 122,150 \$ 126,039 \$ 217,525 \$ 218,666 \$ 215,893 \$ 215,430 \$ 220,013 \$ 220,198 \$ 220,780 \$ 223,064

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year

						riscai i ear					
	2	005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	4,885 \$	5,238 \$	5,680 \$	5,774 \$	5,251 \$	6,054 \$	6,246 \$	12,111 \$	7,304 \$	9,552
Public safety		8,693	11,194	11,094	11,524	11,041	11,843	12,244	12,612	13,134	16,121
Recreation		881	438	521	551	478	30	30	30	29	
Public works		16,961	18,511	20,209	21,396	20,017	24,585	22,456	25,465	25,388	25,829
Health and social services		6,574	7,706	8,255	7,621	8,176	8,193	8,481	8,761	8,837	9,157
Library		1.712	1,757	1,741	1,735	1,720	1,766	1,790	1,773	1,789	1,809
Planning and development		750	809	789	985	857	1,152	1,073	1,165	1,326	1,234
Intergovernment and interagency		331	431	347	364	373	1,102	1,075	1,100	1,520	1,20
Education		71,802	79,465	81,709	107,037	88,234	81,373	82,836	83,469	84,160	86,343
Interest on long-term debt		1,191	1,062	950	1,099	1,269	1,337	1,107	1,116	875	922
ē		1,191	1,002	930	1,099	1,209	1,557	1,107	1,110	6/3	922
Total governmental activities		112 700	126 611	121 205	150.006	107.416	126 222	126.262	1.46.500	1.42.0.42	150.065
expenses		113,780	126,611	131,295	158,086	137,416	136,333	136,263	146,502	142,842	150,967
Program Revenues:											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
C		1,427	1,570	1,292	1,247	979	1,499	1,410	2,000	1,801	4,035
General government		258	303	321	335		660	944	634	459	
Public safety						149					451
Recreation, arts and culture		137	127	138	308	376	193	225	141	192	
Public works		912	1,186	1,134	2,129	1,060	1,108	1,381	1,077	2,255	2,268
Health and social services		1,729	2,412	3,569	3,644	4,260	3,995	3,943	4,477	3,788	4,070
Library		23	29	24	27	21	21	24	24	17	18
Planning and development		70	91	167	55	59	59	33	28	41	
Education		3,767	4,065	4,069	3,954	3,683	3,583	2,626	1,529	1,757	3,798
Operating grants and contributions		32,722	36,301	37,194	64,003	40,399	42,158	45,292	46,569	45,565	48,368
Capital grants and contributions		800	1,794	5,392	635	1,500	2,668	5,003	8,829	4,622	3,986
Total governmental activities											
program revenues		41,845	47,878	53,300	76,337	52,486	55,944	60,881	65,308	60,497	66,994
1 0											
Net (expense) revenue:											
Governmental activities		(71,935)	(78,733)	(77,995)	(81,749)	(84,930)	(80,389)	(75,382)	(81,194)	(82,345)	(83,973)
General Revenues and Other Changes in											
Net Position:											
Governmental activities:											
Property taxes		69,612	73,141	76,232	76,103	76,668	75,936	76,638	77,384	79,475	84,360
Grants and contributions not restricted											
to specific programs		4,030	4,670	5,727	5,098	4,661	3,399	3,091	3,538	3,333	1,708
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,374	2,128	2,975	397	828	591	236	457	119	189
Miscellaneous		270	383	709	1,292						
Total governmental activities		76,286	80,322	85,643	82,890	82,157	79,926	79,965	81,379	82,927	86,257
Total governmental activities		. 5,200	00,522	05,015	02,070	02,137	17,720	17,705	01,577	02,721	00,237
Change in Net Position:											
Governmental activities	\$	4,351 \$	1,589 \$	7,648 \$	1,141 \$	(2,773) \$	(463) \$	4,583 \$	185 \$	582 \$	2,284
			<u>-1,υυν</u> Ψ	<u> </u>		(2,7.75) Ψ	(.σε) ψ	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			2,231

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FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 General Fund: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,823 \$ Nonspendable 3,732 \$ 4,310 \$ 4,624 Committed 1,968 Assigned 1,448 2,569 1,592 832 Unassigned 13,113 11,784 13,525 16,041 Reserved 1,986 1,678 2,007 931 3,908 4,237 14,027 Unreserved 17,027 16,745 17,888 20,777 15,234 Total General Fund 19,013 \$ 18,423 \$ 19,895 \$ 21,708 \$ 19,142 \$ 18,264 \$ 18,384 \$ 18,085 \$ 19,427 \$ 23,465 All Other Governmental Funds: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Nonspendable \$ 197 \$ 196 \$ 196 \$ 149 2,117 732 Restricted 1,961 701 Committed 7,525 2,839 3,354 5,902 Assigned 5,648 3,552 Unassigned (3,681)(13,146)(9,746)(14,415)Reserved 2,857 5,100 10,395 4,486 2,715 3,215 Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds (188)(1,950)42 (43)(485)(2,392)7,004 Capital Projects Funds 11,139 6,481 (812)9,676 9,790 Permanent Funds 19 23 25 25 21 26 Total All Other Governmental Funds 13,827 \$ 9,652 \$ 9,648 \$ 14,144 \$ 12,046 \$ 7,852 \$ 6,158 \$ (2,502) \$ (1,943) \$ (7,632)

The Town implemented GASB No. 54 in fiscal year 2011, which changed the Town's method of reporting governmental fund balance.

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

					Fiscal Yo	ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 69,645 \$	72,430 \$	75,769 \$	75,714 \$	77,302 \$	75,870 \$	75,675 \$	76,401 \$	79,821 \$	84,438
Intergovernmental	36,756	42,401	48,089	69,320	45,817	46,510	51,949	54,327	58,667	54,709
Charges for services	9,122	10,199	11,188	8,254	10,849	11,010	10,586	9,914	10,144	13,931
Contributions	151	238	199	62	176	104	733	243	117	253
Investment income	985	1,680	2,301	1,708	828	421	197	440	87	189
Other revenues	57	143	32	6,156	218	109	110		6	10
Total revenues	116,716	127,091	137,578	161,214	135,190	134,024	139,250	141,327	148,842	153,530
Expenditures:										
General government	3,715	3,952	4,220	5,206	4,763	5,102	5,680	10,510	6,909	6,684
Public safety	6,822	8,464	7,624	9,802	10,171	11,041	11,846	11,874	12,225	12,974
Recreation	492	415	421	507	449					
Public works	13,431	13,521	12,962	14,125	13,239	20,406	18,247	18,636	18,949	19,605
Health and social services	5,326	5,948	7,015	7,674	7,997	7,606	7,931	8,343	8,353	8,557
Library	1,188	1,201	1,265	1,565	1,578	1,554	1,614	1,603	1,593	1,630
Planning and development	702	729	728	974	857	1,152	1,073	1,165	1,326	1,204
Intergovernmental and interagency	331	431	347	364	373	384	403	413	448	435
Education	71,701	77,705	80,284	105,828	83,057	75,928	78,693	78,875	79,292	82,902
Nondepartmental	7,864	8,555	8,894	4,122	4,482	8,018	4,987	5,742	4,995	5,453
*	7,352	6,983	8,376	20,184	7,851		8,057	14,243	12,684	13,001
Capital outlay	7,332	0,983	8,370	20,184	7,851	4,964	8,037	14,243	12,084	13,001
Debt service:	2 000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.050	4.120	2 100	2.060	2.002	1.047
Principal	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,850	4,130	2,400	2,860	2,093	1,947
Interest	1,218	1,088	974	934	1,568	1,345	1,177	1,092	875	1,572
Total expenditures	123,142	131,992	136,110	174,285	140,235	141,630	142,108	155,356	149,742	155,964
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(6,426)	(4,901)	1,468	(13,071)	(5,045)	(7,606)	(2,858)	(14,029)	(900)	(2,434)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from bonds				19,000	10,395					
Capital lease issuance		51		,	437	1,072	1,287	4,285	2,707	783
Proceeds from refunding bonds						10,395	1,207	1,200	2,707	, 05
Payments to escrow agents						(12,627)				
Proceeds on bond premiums						1,009			94	
Transfers in	8,133	8,374	8,248	8,248	11,649	11,671	5,264	4,734	4,447	4,705
Transfers out	,									
	(8,133)	(8,269)	(8,248)	(8,248)	(11,349)	(8,986)	(5,264)	(3,949)	(4,447)	(4,705)
Total other financing sources (uses)		156		19,000	11,132	2,534	1,287	5,070	2,801	783
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (6,426) \$	(4,745) \$	1,468 \$	5,929 \$	6,087 \$	(5,072) \$	(1,571) \$	(8,959) \$	1,901 \$	(1,651)
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	3.6%	3.3%	3.1%	2.6%	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%	2.8%	2.2%	2.3%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year	_	Residential	<u>]</u>	Real Property Commercial Industrial	 Land	•	Personal Property	_	Motor Vehicle	-	Less Tax Exempt Property	_	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Assessed Value As a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
	2014	\$	1,795,479	\$	604,574	\$ 33,473	\$	198,099	\$	252,396	\$	38,698	\$	2,845,323	29.26	\$ 4,064,747	70%
	2013(a)		1,795,350		611,232	35,112		194,670		258,008		41,300		2,853,072	27.84	4,075,817	70%
	2012		2,113,105		683,778	26,923		181,749		245,484		37,669		3,213,370	23.88	4,590,529	70%
	2011		2,109,385		682,905	26,911		181,113		232,306		39,356		3,193,264	23.88	4,561,806	70%
	2010		2,105,310		667,538	26,840		184,333		228,213		47,248		3,164,986	23.88	4,521,409	70%
	2009		2,099,258		663,158	30,091		178,150		240,108		36,840		3,173,925	23.88	4,534,179	70%
3	2008(b)		2,090,279		660,989	31,570		186,657		237,277		45,202		3,161,570	23.88	4,516,529	70%
	2007		1,211,014		472,041	21,321		182,567		235,424		38,735		2,083,632	36.18	2,976,617	70%
	2006		1,202,479		458,176	20,824		173,138		222,785		32,369		2,045,033	35.20	2,921,476	70%
	2005		1,192,245		452,376	19,092		175,636		204,228		32,390		2,011,187	34.24	2,873,124	70%

Source: Town of Enfield Office of Tax Assessor

⁽a) Revaluation completed effective October 1, 2011 Grand List. The basis of assessment is 70% of the 2011 fair market value.

⁽b) Revaluation completed effective October 1, 2006. The basis of assessment is 70% of the 2006 fair market value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
	Town: General	29.26	27.84	23.88	23.88	23.88	23.88	23.88	36.18	35.20	34.24
84	District: Enfield F.D.	3.15	3.05	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	3.10	2.98	2.86
4	Thompsonville F.D.	6.45	6.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	7.15	6.90	6.90
	Hazardville F.D.	2.10	2.10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.75	2.25	2.25
	N. Thompsonville F.D.	3.05	2.90	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	3.00	2.75	2.75
	Shaker Pines F.D.	2.30	2.20	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.10	1.10	1.80	1.80	1.80

Source: Town of Enfield Finance Department

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

2012 AND 2003 (In Thousands)

		October 1	, 2012		October 1,	2003
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value (a)	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value (b)
Centro Enfield LLC	\$ 41,532	1	1.46%	\$		
Mass Mutual Insurance	41,146	2	1.45%			
National Industrial Portfolio	30,600	3	1.08%			
Connecticut Light and Power	28,388	4	1.00%	17,516	6	0.87%
Hallmark Cards	26,677	5	0.94%	31,512	3	1.71%
Retail Brand Alliance	24,286	6	0.85%			
Paremount Commons at Enfield LLC	24,053	7	0.85%			
Galileo Freshwater/Stateline	23,623	8	0.83%			
Equity One LLC	20,039	9	0.70%			
Northland Bigelow Commons LTD	16,752	10	0.59%	11,561	8	0.57%
Lego Building Corp				63,559	1	3.15%
Phoenix Home Life Mutual				34,762	2	1.72%
Enfield Square, LLC				26,903	4	1.33%
Casual Corner Group, Inc				22,835	5	1.13%
Gateway Conn Properties				12,854	7	0.64%
Parkside Assoc. Ltd. Partnership				11,087	9	0.55%
Connecticut Water Company	 			8,042	10	0.40%
Total	\$ 277,096		9.75%	\$ 240,631		12.07%

Source: Town of Enfield, Office of Tax Assessor

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

Collected Within The

					_	Fiscal Yea					Total Collect	tions to Date
_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	. <u>-</u>	Taxes Levied For This Fiscal Year	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	_	Collections in Subsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy
	2014	29.26	\$	83,132	\$	81,428	97.95%	\$		\$	81,428	97.95%
	2013	27.84		80,002		78,202	97.75%		1,065		79,267	99.08%
	2012	23.88		76,343		74,517	97.61%		1,399		75,916	99.44%
	2011	23.88		75,863		74,191	97.80%		1,378		75,569	99.61%
	2010	23.88		75,354		73,940	98.12%		1,168		75,108	99.67%
	2009	23.88		75,612		74,138	98.05%		1,184		75,322	99.62%
	2008	23.88		75,213		73,579	97.83%		1,392		74,971	99.68%
	2007	36.18		75,636		73,763	97.52%		1,521		75,284	99.53%
	2006	35.20		72,224		70,454	97.55%		1,383		71,837	99.46%
	2005	31.24		69,019		67,654	98.02%		1,112		68,766	99.63%

Source: Tax Collector's Report: Comprehensive annual financial report

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	(a) Ratio of Bonded Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	_	(b) General Bonded Debt Per Capita	_	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	(a) Ratio of Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	-	(b) Total Debt Per Capita	-	(c) Total Debt Per Personal Income
2014	\$ 19,450	0.68%	\$	432	\$	4,633	\$ 24,083	0.85%	\$	535	\$	365
2013	21,975	0.77%		488		5,546	27,521	0.96%		612		417
2012	23,905	0.74%		531		4,867	28,772	0.90%		639		443
2011	26,765	0.84%		608		1,923	28,688	0.90%		652		470
2010	29,165	0.92%		648		1,145	30,310	0.96%		674		497
2009	34,650	1.09%		770		358	35,008	1.10%		778		574
2008	38,500	1.22%		856		7	38,507	1.22%		856		631
2007	22,500	1.08%		500		23	22,523	1.08%		501		369
2006	25,500	1.25%		567		38	25,538	1.25%		568		419
2005	28,500	1.42%		633			28,500	1.42%		633		467

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) See Table 5 for taxable assessed value

⁽b) See Table 13 for population figures

⁽c) See Table 13 for total personal income

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Governmental Unit	_ <u>O</u> ı	Debt utstanding	Percentage Applicable	0	Estimated Shares of Direct and verlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:					
Enfield Fire District	\$	1,195	100%	\$	1,195
Thompsonville Fire District		1,865	100%		1,865
Hazardville Fire District		696	100%		696
North Thompsonville Fire District		541	100%		541
Total overlapping debt		4,297			4,297
Town direct debt		24,083	100%		24,083
Total	\$	28,380		\$	28,380

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

JUNE 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Total Tax Collections (Including Interest and Lien Fees)	¢	04.917
for the Year Ended June 30, 2014	Ф	94,817
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss:		
Tax relief for elderly freeze	-	2
Base for Debt Limitation Computation	\$_	94,819

	_	General Purpose	. <u>–</u>	Schools	_	Sewers	. <u>-</u>	Urban Renewal	_	Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation:										
2 1/4 times base	\$	213,343	\$		\$		\$		\$	
4 1/2 times base				426,686						
3 3/4 times base						355,571				
3 1/4 times base								308,162		
3 times base			_		_		_		_	284,457
Total debt limitation	_	213,343	_	426,686	_	355,571	_	308,162	_	284,457
Indebtedness:										
Bonds payable		4,282		15,168						
Bond authorized but unissued		25,000		35,000						
Fired district debt	_	4,297	_		_		_		_	
Net Indebtedness (1) (2)	_	33,579	_	50,168	_	-	_		_	
Debt Limitation in Excess										
of Indebtedness	\$_	179,764	\$	376,518	\$_	355,571	\$_	308,162	\$_	284,457

(1) The total of the above net indebtedness amounts to: \$\\ 83,7\$

In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven times the base for debt limitation computation: \$ 663,733

(2) There is no overlapping debt.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

FISCAL YEAR 2011 2005 2014 2013 2012 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 Debt limitation \$ 663,733 \$ 626,094 \$ 599,466 \$ 593,768 \$ 255,521 \$ 601,174 \$ 585,830 \$ 582,253 \$ 554,757 \$ 534,597 Total net debt applicable to limit 83,747 91,272 58,172 36,960 44,220 38,552 40,320 24,605 27,875 29,945 \$ 579,986 \$ Legal Debt Margin 534,822 \$ 541,294 \$ 556,808 \$ 211,301 \$ 562,622 \$ 545,510 \$ 557,648 \$ 526,882 \$ 504,652

Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit 12.62% 14.58% 9.70% 6.22% 17.31% 6.41% 6.88% 4.23% 5.02% 5.60%

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report - Schedule of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 11 for calculation of current year debt limitation.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population (1)	<u>_1</u>	Per Capita Income (2)	Median Household Income (2)	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2014	45	\$	29	\$ 66	41.0	5	5.8%
2013	45		29	66	41.0	5	8.0%
2012	45		29	65	41.0	6	8.7%
2011	44		28	61	40.0	6	6.8%
2010	45		21	61	37.3	6	8.3%
2009	45		22	61	37.3	6	7.7%
2008	45		22	61	37.3	6	6.5%
2007	45		22	61	37.3	6	4.7%
2006	45		22	61	37.3	7	4.7%
2005	45		22	61	37.3	7	4.9%

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census - 2011-2013 American Community Survey 3 Year Estimates - Demographic and Housing Estimates

⁽²⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census - 2011-2013 American Community Survey 3 Year Estimates - Selected Economic Characteristics

⁽³⁾ Source: Town of Enfield School Administration

⁽⁴⁾ Source: State of Connecticut Department of Labor October 2014

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

			2014			2005*	•
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment(a)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment(b)
Mass Mutual Insurance	Insurance	1,755	1	8.32%	1,950	1	8.02%
Lego Building Corp.	Plastic Games & Toys	715	2	3.39%	325	4	1.34%
Hallmark Cards, Inc.	Greeting Cards	675	3	3.20%	860	2	3.54%
Brooks Brothers	Clothing	446	4	2.12%			
Comcast	Cable Television	275	5	1.30%			
Martin Brower	Transportation	227	6	1.08%	215	8	0.88%
CT Dept. of Corrections	Detention Facilities	225	7	1.07%			
Eppendorf Manufacturing	Life Science	230	8	1.09%			
Target	Retail	200	9	0.95%			
Underwriter's Labs	Product Safety Testing	153	10	0.73%			
Precision Camera	Camera Repair				500	3	2.06%
CUNO, Inc.	Water Filters				300	5	1.23%
Retail Brand Alliance	Retail				300	6	1.23%
Mead/Westvaco	Manufacturing				217	7	0.89%
Total		4,901		23.24%	4,667		19.19%

Source: Town of Enfield Official Statement and Historical Report

- (a) State of Connecticut, Department of Labor Town employment of 21,085
- (b) State of Connecticut, Department of Labor Town employment of 22,475

^{*} Information not available for top 9 and 10 employers for 2005.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

Function/Program	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	
General Government	61	55	61	58	59	68	63	64	64	66	
Public Safety	137	130	136	121	138	138	138	120	129	116	
Refuse Collection	19	20	20	20	21	22	22	19	20	19	
Social Services	63	68	63	63	68	74	75	83	81	81	
Public Works	109	110	112	109	109	65	68	69	70	67	
Parks and Recreation	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	
Library	18	15	16	20	19	19	18	28	28	24	
Education (a)	771	781	796	826	835	831	854	840	826	829	
Total	1,180	1,181	1,207	1,220	1,252	1,220	1,240	1,226	1,221	1,205	

Source: Historical annual reports and departmental reports

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Function/Program 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 General government: Building permits issued 2,289 2,174 2,143 1,896 1,782 1,782 1,718 1,979 2,486 2,413 Police: 1,303 1,406 2,729 2,913 1,510 1,510 1,616 3,336 3,269 1,657 Physical arrests Parking violations 485 217 325 507 583 583 457 619 546 657 Traffic violations 10,640 10,711 10,357 11,235 11,797 11,797 12,815 9,256 8,294 7,756 Refuse collection: Refuse collected (tons per day) 66 70 69 85 62 62 60 69 68 61 Recyclables (tons per day) 18 21 18 16 13 13 12 11 11 11 Library: 139,584 Volumes in collection 141,271 136,043 136,043 147,751 145,570 145,570 141,039 136,109 143,148 Total volumes borrowed 329,064 352,091 368,370 383,243 383,243 350,951 330,551 334,204 337,483 309,780 Wastewater: Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons) 5,295 4,954 5,820 5,160 5,900 5,900 6,532 5,200 5,336 5,729

Source: Historical departmental reports

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

Function/Program	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	
Police:											
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Zone offices	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
Patrol districts	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Refuse collection:											
Collection trucks	13	14	13	15	15	13	10	10	10	9	
Public works:											
Streets (miles)	181	181	181	181	181	181	180	180	180	180	
Highways (miles)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	
Streetlights	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	57	57	57	57	
Traffic signals	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Parks and recreation:											
Acreage	404	404	404	404	404	404	205	205	205	205	
Playgrounds	21	21	21	21	21	21	10	10	10	10	
Baseball/softball diamonds	36	36	36	35	35	35	30	30	30	30	
Soccer/football fields	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	22	
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	
Wastewater:											
Sanitary sewers (miles)	286	286	286	286	286	286	300	300	300	300	
Storm sewers (miles)	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	